

Map Darpariaeth

Blynnyddoedd Cynnar

Early Years

Provision Map

Anghenion **Dysgu Ychwanegol a Chynhwysiad**

Additional **Learning** **Needs And Inclusion**

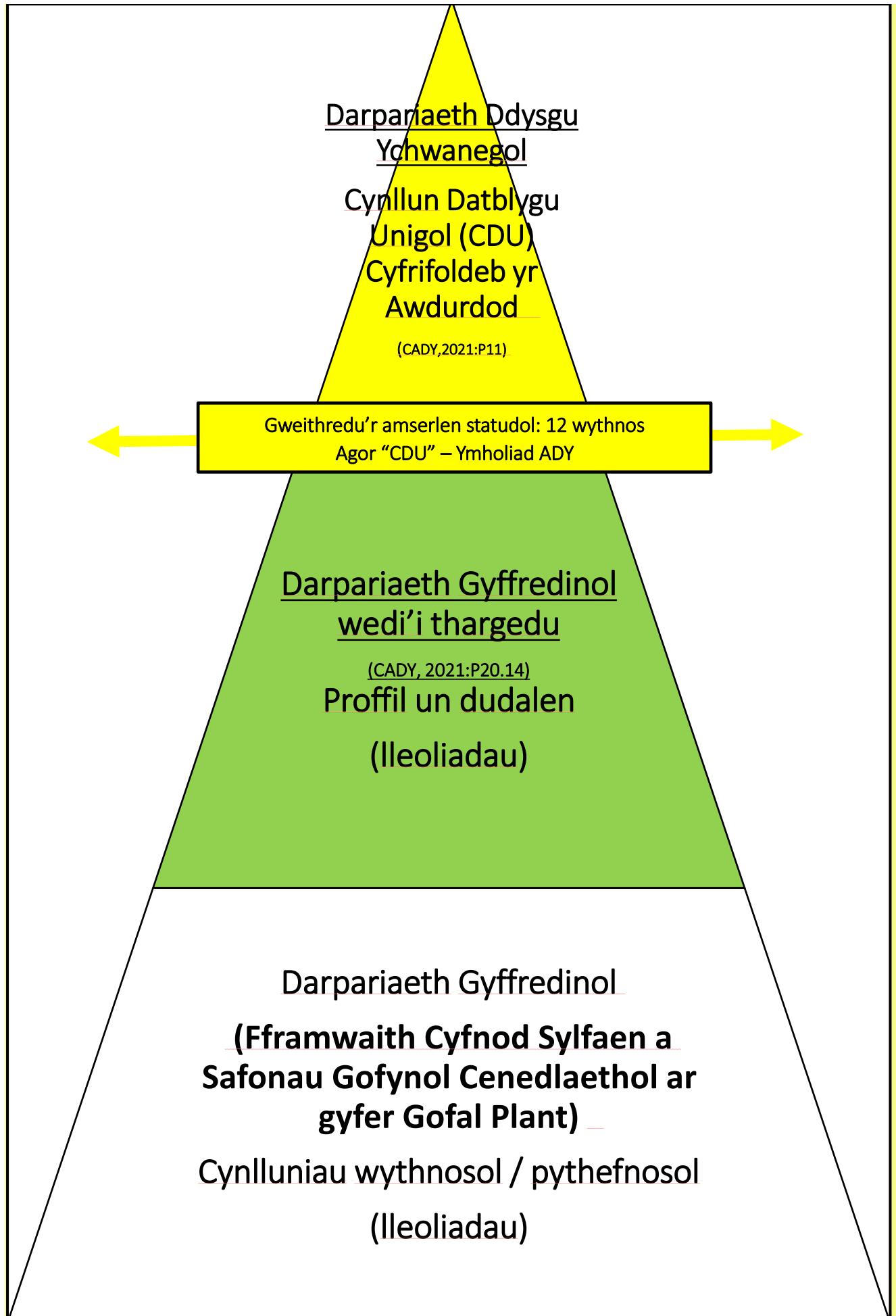
Gwynedd a

Môn

Tachwedd 2022 / November 2022



Model Map Darpariaeth Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (ADY)



Cyflwyniad

Gweler nodiadau hyfforddiant Modiwl 1 (Cyflwyno prosesau a gweithdrefnau i gyd fynd â'r Map Darpariaeth) i gefnogi'r rhan cyntaf o'r ddogfen.

Mae'r Awdurdod Lleol wedi cydweithio i ddatblygu 'Map Darpariaeth ADYaCh y Blynnyddoedd Cynnar Gwynedd a Môn' mewn partneriaeth gyda lleoliadau blynnyddoedd cynnar a chynrychiolwyr o lechyd, Gofal a Chyrrf Gwirfoddol.

Pwy yw'r Blynnyddoedd Cynnar?

Plant o dan oedran ysgol gorfodol nad ydynt mewn ysgol a gynhelir yng Nghymru.

Pam mae angen map darpariaeth?

Mae Llywodraeth Cymru wedi ymrwymo i drawsffurfio disgwyliadau, profiadau a chanlyniadau ar gyfer plant ag anghenion dysgu ychwanegol.

Mae fframwaith deddfwriaethol y system newydd wedi'i seilio ar y Ddeddf Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol a'r Tribiwnlys Addysg (Cymru) 2018 a'r Cod ADY 2021.

Drwy'r fframwaith statudol hwn, mae Llywodraeth Cymru yn anelu at sicrhau bod pob plentyn ag ADY yn cael cymorth i oresgyn rhwystrau i ddysgu ac yn gallu cyflawni eu potensial yn llawn drwy greu:

- Fframwaith deddfwriaethol Unedig i gefnogi pob plentyn a pherson ifanc (0-25) gydag anghenion dysgu ychwanegol (ADY)
- Proses integredig, gydweithredol o asesu, cynllunio a monitro'r cymorth a ddarperir i blentyn ag ADY, sydd yn hwyluso'r broses o ddarparu ymyraethau amserol ac effeithiol
- System deg a thryloyw ar gyfer darparu gwybodaeth a chyngor ac am ddatrys pryderon ac apeliadau

Mae'r ddogfen hon (*Map Darpariaeth Blynnyddoedd Cynnar Gwynedd ac Ynys Môn*) yn cefnogi'r dyheadau uchod drwy ddarparu canllawiau pendant a chlir yn seiliedig ar ofynion deddfwriaethol ar sut i gefnogi plant ag anghenion dysgu ychwanegol yn y blynnyddoedd cynnar yng Ngwynedd a Môn. Dylai Ysgolion gyfeirio at y ddogfen gysylltiedig '*Map Darpariaeth Ysgolion Gwynedd ac Ynys Môn'* fel rhan o gynllunio ar gyfer proses drosglwyddo plentyn sydd ag ADY o leoliad cyn-ysgol i ddosbarth Meithrin.

Mae map darpariaeth yn rhoi gwybodaeth angenrheidiol ar gyfer sicrhau cynhaliaeth, drwy ymyrraeth gynnari a thrylwyr i ystod anghenion pob plentyn. Mae map darpariaeth yn rhoi trosolwg cynhwysfawr o'r ddarpariaeth wahaniaethol y gall lleoliadau blynnyddoedd cynnar ei chynnig i gynorthwyo pob plentyn. Trefnwyd y map darpariaeth yn ôl dull ymateb graddoledig.

Mae ymyrraeth gynnari a graddoledig yn hanfodol i leihau anawsterau plant ymhellach ymlaen. Nodir yn y Cod ADY, 2021, P3.12:

'Mae adnabod ADY yn gynnari, rhoi ymyriadau ar waith yn amserol yn ganolog i sicrhau bod plant a phobl ifanc sydd ag ADY yn cael y cyfre i lwyddo ac yn cael addysg sy'n diwallu eu hanghenion.' ...
3.13 Ni ellir gorwysleisio pwysigrwydd adnabod anghenion yn brydlon a rhoi'r ddarpariaeth briodol ar waith cyn gynted â phosibl ar gyfer plentyn neu berson ifanc ag ADY. Po gynharaf y gweithredir, y mwyaf effeithiol fydd y camau a gymerir. Hefyd, trwy adnabod ADY yn gynnari a rhoi'r ymyriadau priodol ar waith, gellir atal yr angen am ymyriadau mwy costus a llai effeithiol maes o law'

Oes angen polisi ADY yn ein lleoliadau?

Does dim gofynion statudol i chi lunio polisi sy'n benodol ar ADY, fod bynnag mae grŵp gweithredol Blynnyddoedd Cynnar, Gogledd Cymru wedi llunio'r ddogfen '*Egwyddorion ADY ar gyfer lleoliadau gofal / addysg nas cynhelir*' y gellir ei chynnwys fel atodiad i bolisi perthnasol (gweler tudalen 22)

Beth yw Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol (ADY)?

Y diffiniad a roddir yn y Ddeddf Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol a'r Tribiwnlys Addysg (Cymru) 2018 yw:

(1) Mae gan berson anghenion dysgu ychwanegol os oes ganddo anhawster dysgu neu anabledd (pa un a yw'r anhawster dysgu neu'r anabledd yn deillio o gyflwr meddygol ai peidio) sy'n galw am ddarpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol.

(2) Mae gan blentyn sydd o'r oedran ysgol gorfodol neu berson sy'n hŷn na'r oedran hwnnw anhawster dysgu neu anabledd-

(a) os yw'n cael anhawster sylweddol fwy i ddysgu na'r mwyafrif o'r rhai eraill sydd o'r un oedran, neu

(b) os oes ganddo anabledd at ddibenion Deddf Cydraddoldeb 2010 (p. 15) sy'n ei atal neu'n ei lesteirio rhag defnyddio cyfleusterau addysg neu hyfforddiant o fath a ddarperir yn gyffredinol ar gyfer eraill sydd o'r un oedran mewn ysgolion prif ffrwd a gynhelir neu sefydliadau prif ffrwd yn y sector addysg bellach.

(3) Mae gan blentyn sydd o dan yr oedran ysgol gorfodol anhawster dysgu neu anabledd os yw'r plentyn yn debygol o fod o fewn isadrann (2) pan fydd o'r oedran ysgol gorfodol, neu y byddai'n debygol o fod felly pe na bai darpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol yn cael ei gwneud.'

Beth yw Cynllun Datblygu Unigol (CDU)? (Gweler Cod ADY, 2021, P23)

Mae Cynllun Datblygu Unigol (CDU) yn gynllun statudol sydd yn cael ei roi mewn lle yn dilyn penderfynu bod gan blentyn ADY. Mae'r CDU yn cynnwys disgrifiad o ADY y plentyn ac yn nodi'r Ddarpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol (DDdY) a roddir mewn lle.

Defnyddir dulliau sy'n canolbwytio ar yr unigolyn er mwyn cynllunio'r ddarpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol ar gyfer y plentyn. Mae'r dulliau yma yn rhoi cyfle i bawb gael rhoi eu barn ar beth sy'n gweithio a ddim yn gweithio i'r plentyn, a beth sydd yn bwysig iddynt.

Mae pob rhan o'r CDU yn bwysig wrth adolygu cynydd plentyn. Mae defnydd dydd i ddydd o'r CDU yn hanfodol er mwyn sicrhau bod staff yn ymwybodol o anghenion unigol a'r ffordd orau i gefnogi'r plentyn gydag ADY. Disgwylir eu bod yn ddogfennau electronig byw sydd yn cael eu hadolygu'n gyson, yn ôl yr angen, ac o leiaf bob 12 mis. (Gweler pamffled '*Beth yw Cynllun Datblygu Unigol*' ar wefan ADYaCH Gwynedd a Môn.)

Beth yw strwythur y map darpariaeth?

Modelwyd y map darpariaeth gan ddefnyddio siâp triongl wedi ei rannu'n dair haen (gweler model ar y dudalen gyntaf). Sylfaen y triongl yw darpariaeth gyffredinol (wedi'i lliwio'n wyn), haen ganol y

triengl yw'r ddarpariaeth gyffredinol wedi'i thargeddu (wedi'i lliwio'n wyrdd) a brig y triengl yw'r ddarpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol (wedi'i lliwio'n felyn).

Beth yw Darpariaeth Gyffredinol (Sylfaen y triengl)?

Disgwyler i bob lleoliad fod yn gynhwysol drwy gyflwyno profiadau gwahaniaethol effeithiol gyda'r ymarferwyr yn meddu ar ddisgwyliadau a dyheadau uchel ar gyfer bob un plentyn. Darpariaeth Gyffredinol yw'r strategaethau ac ymyraethau cyffredinol sydd wedi'u hadnabod fel arfer dda er mwyn cyfoethogi profiadau dysgu.

Mae hyn yn ofyniad statudol yn y 'Fframwaith Cyfnod Sylfaen'.

'Dylai cwricwlwm y Cyfnod Sylfaen fod yn hyblyg er mwyn galluogi ymarferwyr sy'n gweithio gyda phlant i gael cyfleoedd i gynllunio a darparu cwricwlwm priodol ar gyfer plant sydd ar gam cynnar eu datblygiad ac i'r rhai sy'n fwy galluog. Mae ar blant angen cwricwlwm eang, cytbwys sydd wedi'i wahaniaethu. Drwy gynllunio priodol a phrofiadau strwythuredig yn y Meysydd Dysgu, dylai plant dyfu a datblygu, a dylid gweld cynnydd yn eu datblygiad.'

Mae'r Fframwaith Statudol 'Safonau Gofynnol Cenedlaethol ar gyfer Gofal Plant a Reoleiddir ar gyfer plant hyd at 12 oed', hefyd yn nodi bod rhaid cwmpasu amrywiaeth o ddulliau chwarae a dysgu o fewn y blynnyddoedd cynnar:

'Safon 4 – Diwallu Anghenion UnigolionCanlyniad: Y cynllunnir ac y darperir ar gyfer anghenion unigol pob plentyn, gan gynnwys unrhyw anghenion addysgol ac anableddau'

Mae'r Ddeddf Cydraddoldeb 2010 hefyd yn gosod dyletswydd o fewn darpariaeth gyffredinol ar leoliad neu'r darparwr gwasanaeth i wneud addasiad rhesymol ar gyfer plant sydd ag anableddau gan gynnwys anawsterau dysgu. Mae'n ofynnol bod lleoliadau neu ddarparwyr gwasanaeth yn dileu neu'n lleihau rhwystrau i gael mynediad at yr amgylchedd, cyfleoedd dysgu a chyfleusterau er mwyn sicrhau bod pob plentyn yn gallu cyfranogi'n llawn yn y profiadau a ddarperir. Mae addasiad rhesymol yn newidiadau sy'n cael effaith cadarnhaol ar ddatblygiad a lles plentyn. Gall y newidiadau hyn gynnwys disgwyliadau ymarferwyr, hygyrchedd adhoddau priodol, arferion hyblyg, trefnu staff ac addasiadau amgylcheddol. Mae llawer o'r addasiadau rhesymol yn rhad ac yn cynnwys newid mewn arfer yn hytrach bod yn offer drud neu staff ychwanegol.

Gweler rhestr (tabl gwyn ar dudalen 15-17) o fewn y ddogfen hon sydd yn rhestru dulliau addysgu, strategaethau ac ymyraethau sydd wedi'u hadnabod fel arfer dda ar gyfer yr haen hon. Gellir defnyddio'r rhestr hon fel meinchnod defnyddiol ar gyfer datblygu arferion, polisiau a gweithdrefnau hynod effeithiol o fewn lleoliad neu wasanaeth.

Beth yw Darpariaeth Gyffredinol wedi'i thargeddu?

Ar sail ffynonellau dystiolaeth cyrhaeddiad a/neu gynnydd plentyn, mae ofynnol i leoliadau ddarparu ymyriadau a/neu strategaethau addas er mwyn ymateb i'r meysydd penodol sydd yn peri pryer. Hefyd, gall pobl broffesiynol, megis y Gwasanaeth Iechyd, gefnogi'r ddarpariaeth gyffredinol wedi'i thargeddu. Mae darpariaeth gyffredinol wedi'i thargeddu yn ofyniad statudol o fewn y Cod ADY, 2021, P20.14

'Os nad yw'r cynnydd yn ddigonol, bydd angen cymryd camau ychwanegol neu wahanol er mwyn i'r dysgwyr allu dysgu mewn ffordd fwy effeithiol. Yr ymateb cyntaf i gynnydd annigonol, yn aml, fyddai targedu'r meysydd penodol hynny sy'n wan gan y dysgwyr. Disgwyler i bob lleoliad addysg gyflwyno

addysgu gwahaniaethol neu ymyriadau penodol eraill, â'r nod o sicrhau gwell cynnydd, lle bo'n briodol, i bob dysgwr. Yn wir, bydd angen dull gwahaniaethol ar y rhan fwyaf o blant a phobl ifanc mewn rhyw agwedd ar eu haddysg ar ryw adeg. Mae hon yn elfen sylfaenol – ond arferol – o addysgu o ansawdd.

Gweler rhestr (tabl gwyrdd ar dudalen 18-19) o fewn y ddogfen hon sydd yn nodi'r dulliau addysgu, strategaethau ac ymyraethau sydd wedi'u hadnabod fel arfer dda ar gyfer yr haen hon. Gweler bod rhai strategaethau ac ymyraethau yn cael eu nodi mewn mwy nag un haen, fodd bynnag, gellir addasu amlder a/neu'r gymhareb staff.

Beth yw Darpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol?:

Diffinnir Darpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol yn y Cod ADY, 2021 P2.4 fel:

'(1) Ystyr "darpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol" i berson sy'n dair oed neu'n hŷn yw darpariaeth addysgol neu ddarpariaeth hyfforddiant sy'n ychwanegol at yr hyn, neu sy'n wahanol i'r hyn, a wneir yn gyffredinol i eraill sydd o'r un oedran—

- (a) mewn ysgolion prifffrwd a gynhelir yng Nghymru,*
- (b) mewn sefydliadau prifffrwd yn y sector addysg bellach yng Nghymru, neu*
- (c) mewn mannau yng Nghymru lle y darperir addysg feithrin.*

(2) Ystyr "darpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol" i blentyn sy'n iau na thair oed yw darpariaeth addysgol o unrhyw fath.

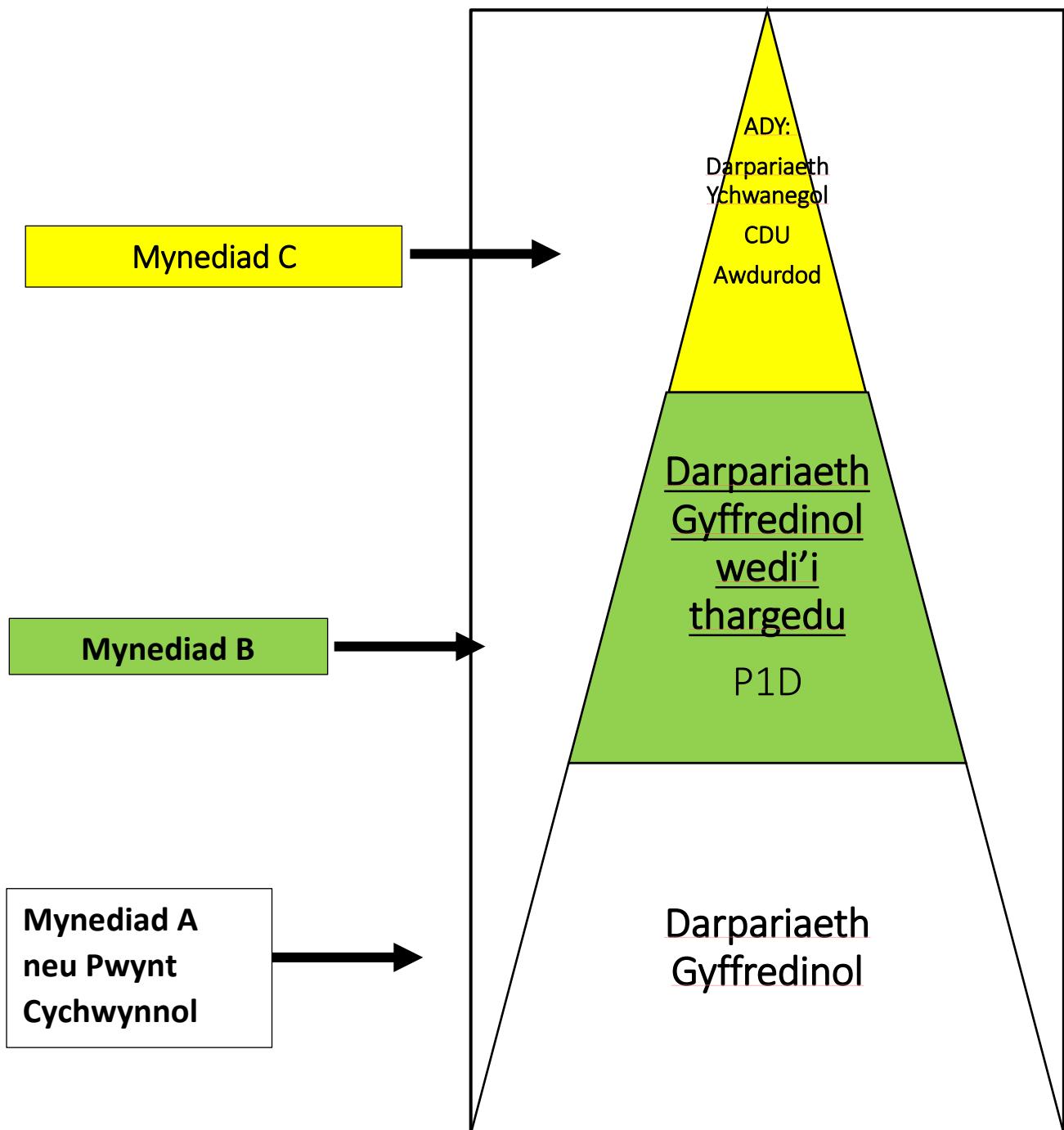
(3) Yn is-adran (1), ystyr "addysg feithrin" yw addysg sy'n addas i blentyn sydd wedi cyrraedd tair oed ond sydd o dan yr oedran ysgol gorfodol.'

Gweler rhestr (tabl melyn ar dudalen 20-21) o fewn y ddogfen hon o strategaethau ac ymyraethau sydd wedi'u hadnabod fel arfer dda ar gyfer yr haen hon.

Sut mae gwneud defnydd effeithiol o'r map darpariaeth?

Nid oes disgwyl i'r lleoliadau ddarparu'r holl ymyraethau a strategaethau sydd wedi'u cynnwys yn y map. Mae disgwyl i holl lleoliadau Blynnyddoedd Cynnar arsylwi ac asesu, cynllunio, gweithredu ac adolygu' briodol er mwyn edrych ar anghenion y plant a dewis strategaethau a/neu ymyraethau sydd eu hangen er mwyn darparu a chefnogi anghenion y plentyn neu blant. Golyga hyn y gall darpariaeth o fewn lleoliad amrywio er mwyn adlewyrchu'r newid yn anghenion y plant dros gyfnod o amser. Rhaid nodi y bydd rhai plant sydd ag anghenion dwys a chymhleth yn gweithredu'n syth ar yr haen darpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol.

Mae'r canllawiau dilynol yn darparu cyfarwyddiadau clir a phendant am brosesau i'w ddefnyddio i gychwyn plentyn ar haen penodol a'i symud o un haen i'r nesaf o fewn y model map darpariaeth. Rhaid nodi bydd rhai plant yn cychwyn mewn lleoliad ar yr haen Darpariaeth Gyffredinol wedi'i dargedu neu Ddarpariaeth Ychwanegol. Modelir hyn yn y diagram isod.

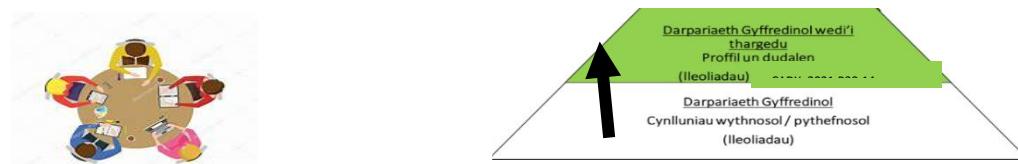


Mynediad A neu Pwynt Cychwynnol

- Sgwrs rhwng rhiant / gwarchodwr a'r arweinydd / rheolwraig cyn i'r plentyn gychwyn yn y lleoliad (*dim gwybodaeth wedi'i rannu sydd yn awgrymu bod y plentyn angen cychwyn ar yr haen Tragedu gwyrdd*)
- Cyfarfod trosglwyddo rhwng Ymwelydd lechyd, athrawes ymgynghorol a'r Arweinydd (*gwybodaeth yn cael ei rannu gan swyddogion sydd yn cefnogi'r rhieni*) – tymor yn troi'n 2 oed (*Dechrau'n Deg yn unig*)
- Trefnu sesiynau aros a chwarae (*Dechrau'n Deg yn unig*)
- Lleoliad i weithredu ar yr Haen Darpariaeth Gyffredinol (haen gwyn)
- Darparu o leiaf 6 wythnos i'r plentyn setlo yn y lleoliad
- Gall athrawon ymgynghorol ddarparu cefnogaeth drwy ymgynghori ar lefel Darpariaeth Gyffredinol. Gellir craffu ar sefyllfaedd penodol sy'n peri pryer.
- Defnyddio dulliau asesu ac arsylwi arferol o fewn y lleoliad
- Os nad oes pryer yn codi, bydd plentyn yn aros ar yr haen Darpariaeth Cyffredinol
- Bydd angen i'r lleoliad gefnogi'r broses trosglwyddo drwy rannu gwybodaeth perthnasol gyda'r lleoliad newydd.

Dulliau arsylwi ac asesu (Proffil Tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar) wedi amlygu pryer (cyrhaeddiad a/neu gynnydd yn natblygiad y plentyn)

- **Lleoliad i drefnu sgwrs** cychwynnol gyda'r rhiant / gwarchodwr. Pennu targedau cyrhaeddawy. Rhannu gwybodaeth a chytuno ar gamau gweithredu. Cofnodi'r sgwrs ar Ff1 a chwblhau Ff2 a chwblhau'r daflen casglu gwybodaeth. Rhannu pamffled 'Beth yw Proffil un dudalen' gyda'r rhiant / gwarchodwr ac egluro'r broses sut mae derbyn gwahoddiad i gyfrannu i'r proffil un dudalen digidol drwy e-bost. Egluro y bydd rhaid derbyn côd 6 digid gan y lleoliad i gofrestru ar y system.



Pwyntiau Pwysig

- **Ff1: uwchlwytho ar y system digidol**
- **Ff2: Ebostio i sylw Swyddog Awdurdod ellenjones@gwynedd.llyw.cymru Bydd angen rhoi cyfrinair ar y ffurflen Ff2Gwynedd neu Ff2Mon**
- **Uwchlwytho'r proffil Tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar ar y system**
- **Defnyddiwch y ddogfen cam wrth gan i gyd fynd a phrosesau'r map darpariaeth (ar gwefan ADY) – cychwyn ar lefel darpariaeth cyffredinol (Dilyn llwybr mynediad A)**

Mynediad B

Yn dilyn derbyn gwybodaeth gan riant, weithiwr iechyd neu unrhyw berson proffesiynol (Lleoliadau DD yn derbyn rhestr gan y tîm canolog) bod y plentyn angen cychwyn yn y lleoliad ar yr haen targedu, bydd angen i'r lleoliad ddilyn y camau dilynol:

- **Lleoliad i drefnu sgwrs** rhwng rhiant / gwarchodwr a'r arweinydd ac ystyried os oes angen gwahodd athrawes ymgynghorol ag unrhyw wasanaeth sy'n ymwneud â'r plentyn / teulu gan gynnwys lleoliad blaenorol **cyn i'r plentyn gychwyn yn y lleoliad**
- Rhannu gwybodaeth allweddol gan weinyddu'r **profil tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar** a chytuno ar y camau gweithredu. Gweinyddu'r profil Tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (os nad yw wedi cael ei lenwi eisoes) Cofnodi ar Ff1 a chwblhau Ff2 a'r Daflen Casglu Gwybodaeth. Rhannu pamffled 'Beth yw Proffil un dudalen' gyda'r rhiant / gwarchodwr ac egluro'r broses sut mae derbyn gwahoddiad i gyfrannu i'r profil un dudalen digidol drwy e-bost. Egluro y bydd rhaid derbyn côd 6 digid gan y lleoliad i gofrestru ar y system.
- *Trefnu sesiynau aros a chwarae (Dechrau'n Deg yn unig)*

Bydd plant sy'n derbyn mewnbwn gan Swyddogion Datblygiad Cynnar (Gwynedd) neu becyn gan Swyddog cefnogi Teulu Môn, efo profil un dudalen mewn lle cyn cychwyn mewn lleoliad. Bydd angen dilyn y camau uchod ar gyfer y plant hyn, ond ni fydd angen cwblhau Ff2 dim ond sicrhau bod y swyddog yn rhannu gwahoddiad i'r profil ar yr electroneg y system.

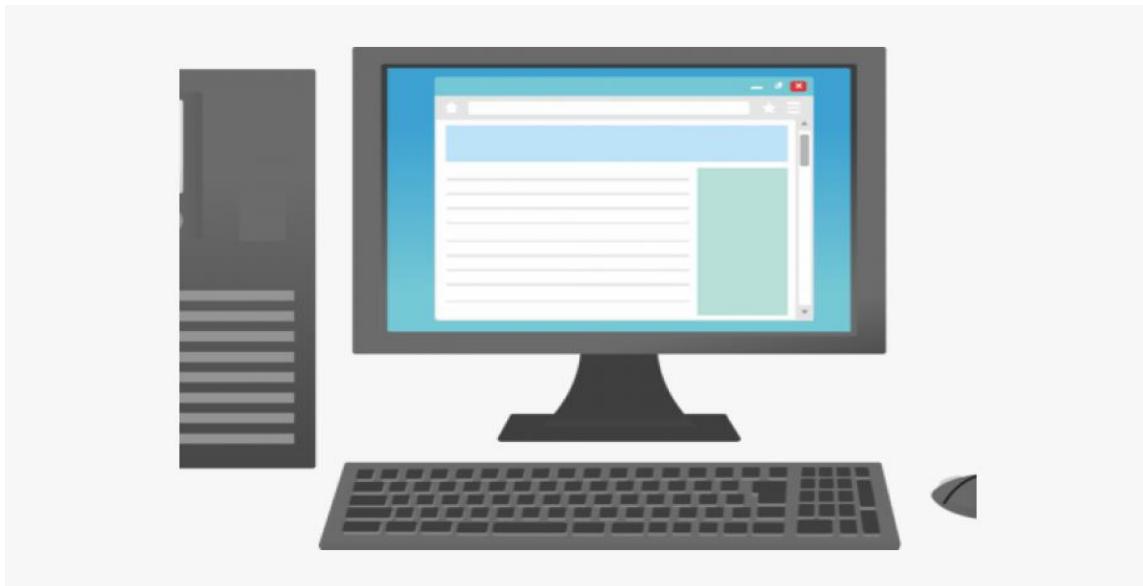


Pwyntiau pwysig

- **Ff1:uwchlwytho ar y system digidol**
- **Ff2: Ebostio i sylw Swyddog Awdurdod ellenjones@gwynedd.llyw.cymru** Bydd angen rhoi cyfrinair ar y ffurflen Ff2Gwynedd neu Ff2Mon
- **Uwchlwytho'r profil Tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar ar y system**
- **Defnyddiwch y ddogfen cam wrth gan i gyd fynd a phrosesau'r map darpariaeth (ar gwefan ADY) – cychwyn ar lefel darpariaeth cyffredinol (Dilyn llwybr mynediad B)**

Haen Targedu – prosesu Ff2

- Yn dilyn sgwrs gyda'r rhiant/ gwarchodwr bydd angen i'r lleoliad anfon Ff2 i sylw Swyddog yr Awdurdod (Ellen Jones) ellenjones@gwynedd.llyw.cymru)
- Bydd Swyddog yr ALI yn prosesu'r wybodaeth ar System Cynnal ac yn anfon gwahoddiadau cyfrannu at broffil un dudalen i'r lleoliad, rhiant / gwarchodwr ag unrhyw wasanaeth yn ymwneud â'r plentyn fel nodwyd ar Ff2.
- Bydd y Lleoliad, athrawes ymgynghorol, rhiant / gwarchodwr ag unrhyw wasanaeth sydd yn ymwneud â'r plentyn yn derbyn gwahoddiad drwy e-bost. Yn dilyn derbyn yr e-bost gwahoddiad, bydd e-bost dilynol yn cael ei anfon gan Swyddog yr Awdurdod yn rhannu'r côd 6 digid fydd yn caniatau'r person gofrestru ar y system (proses diogelu a rheoli data).

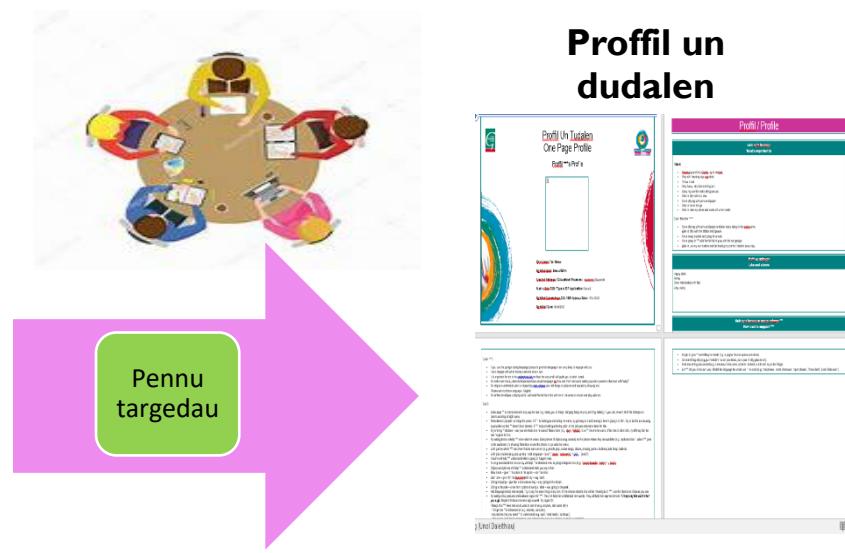


Haen Targedu (gwyrdd) Llunio'r Proffil un dudalen

- Lleoliad i weithredu ar yr haen Darpariaeth Gyffredinol wedi'i dargedu gan ddefnyddio dulliau arsywi a/neu asesu penodol.
 - Gall athrawes ymgynghorol arsywi'r plentyn o fewn y lleoliad a chofnodi ar y system electroneg
 - Rhiant, lleoliad ag unrhyw wasanaeth sydd yn ymwneud â'r plentyn i ychwanegu at y proffil.
 - Dylid sicrhau bod yr elefen 'cefngog' yn y proffil yn ymateb i'r targedau nodir yn y proffil tracio blynnyddoedd cynnar

Proffil Tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar

Section	Topic	Content	Notes
1. Introduction	What is Machine Learning?	Machine learning is a field of computer science that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed.	
2. Machine Learning	Supervised Learning	Supervised learning is a type of machine learning where the algorithm learns from labeled training data to make predictions on new, unlabeled data.	
3. Machine Learning	Unsupervised Learning	Unsupervised learning is a type of machine learning where the algorithm finds patterns or structures in unlabeled data.	
4. Machine Learning	Reinforcement Learning	Reinforcement learning is a type of machine learning where an agent learns to make decisions by interacting with an environment and receiving rewards or penalties.	
5. Machine Learning	Deep Learning	Deep learning is a subset of machine learning that uses neural networks with many layers to learn complex representations of data.	
6. Machine Learning	Transfer Learning	Transfer learning is a technique that allows a pre-trained model to be used as a starting point for a new task, rather than training it from scratch.	
7. Machine Learning	Generative Models	Generative models are statistical models that can generate new data samples that are similar to the training data.	
8. Machine Learning	Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)	Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) are a type of generative model that consists of two neural networks competing against each other to improve the quality of generated data.	
9. Machine Learning	Generative Models	Generative models are statistical models that can generate new data samples that are similar to the training data.	
10. Machine Learning	Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)	Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) are a type of generative model that consists of two neural networks competing against each other to improve the quality of generated data.	

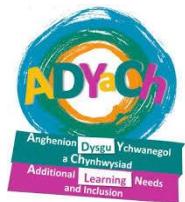
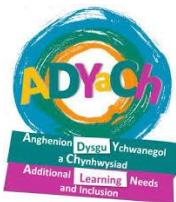


Pwyntiau Pwysig

- Os oes angen i'r athrawes ymgynghorol arsylwi neu ymgynghori bydd angen i chi gysylltu yn uniongyrchol i wneud trefniadau.
 - Enghreifftiau o broffil un dudalen ar gael ar wefan ADYaCh <https://adyach.cymru/en/Parents/Home.aspx>
 - **Dylid wirio ansawdd y proffil gan ddefnyddio'r rhestr wirio (gweler ffeil ar wefan ADY)**

Rhestir wirio ar gyfer llunio profili un dudalen o ansawdd	Da	Angen datbiydr
Profil un dudalen o ansawdd		
Wedî cynnwys 'Beth sy'n bwysig i ...{pethau sy'n ganeud bwyyd y plentyn yn hapus}'		
Wedî cynnwys 'Beth sy'n bwysig i gefnogol.., aroddos a strategethau o'r mod darparieith'		
Cyflwynoedd rhwng 'bwysig i' a 'bwysig ar gyfer'		
Datganiaidau cadernhaol		
Digon o fanylion fel y gall rhwym ddefnyddio'r wybodaeth yn sylw.		
Iaith bod dydd a dim jargon Gwybodaeth cywir, clir a hawdd ei ddarllen		
Targedau wedî i nodi ar waelod bocs 'beth sy'n bwysig i gefnogol.., gya dyddiad gosodol y targed.'		
Sylhadau:		

Mynediad C: Plentyn ag ADY (wedi bod drwy'r broses ymholiad ADY)



Bydd plentyn sy'n cychwyn ar yr haen felen, darpariaeth ychwanegol wedi mynd drwy'r broses statudol amlinellwyd ar y dudalen flaenorol ac yn meddu ar Gynllun Datblygu Unigol (CDU) sy'n nodi'r Ddarpariaeth Ddysgu ychwanegol sydd angen bod mewn lle i gefnogi'r plentyn.

Bydd y Cydlynnydd dynodedig (swyddog yr Awdurdod) yn trefnu cyfarfod adolygu a /neu pontio rhwng rhiant / gwarchodwr, arweinydd / rheolwraig, ag unrhyw wasanaeth sy'n ymwneud â'r plentyn / teulu gan gynnwys lleoliad blaenorol (os yn berthnasol) cyn i'r plentyn gychwyn yn y lleoliad er mwyn:

- Adolygu a diwygio'r Cynllun Datblygu Unigol (CDU) er mwyn sicrhau bod y wybodaeth yn gyfredol a'r ddarpariaeth dysgu ychwanegol yn addas - gweler pamffled 'Beth yw cyfarfod adolygu CDU'
- Cynllunio'r broses pontio er mwyn sicrhau proses trosglwyddo llyf i'r plentyn – gweler pamffled 'Cynllunio proses pontio'
- Yn dilyn y cyfarfod efallai bydd angen cyflwyno'r CDU i sylw panel Blynnyddoedd Cynnar er mwyn ystyried yr adnoddau sydd ei angen i gefnogi'r ddarpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol.
- Bydd lleoliad yn derbyn llythyr i gadarnhau penderfyniad y Panel
- Bydd angen i'r lleoliad ddychwelyd y llythyr o fewn 10 diwrnod gwaith



Gweler nodiadau hyfforddiant Modiwl 2 (Monito ac adolygu) i gefnogi'r ail ran o'r ddogfen

Haen Targedau (gwyrd) Pontio a/ neu adolygu

- Lleoliad i **adolygu'r targedau** a'r **Proffil Tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar bob 8-12 wythnos**
- Ystyried oes angen cynnwys trefniadau cynllunio efo'r broses pontio yn yr adolygiad - cynnwys lleoliad newydd i fod yn rhan o'r sgwrs.
- Lleoliad i drefnu sgwrs** rhwng rhiant / gwarchodwr a'r arweinydd ac ystyried os oes angen gwahodd athrawes ymgynghorol ag unrhyw wasanaeth sy'n ymwnud â'r plentyn / teulu er mwyn trafod 'Beth sy'n gweithio / ddim yn gweithio ac adrodd ar effeithiolrwydd y ddarpariaeth
- Cytuno ar y llwybr darpariaeth nesaf a'r camau gweithredu – gweler model isod. Cofnodi ar Ff1
- Mireinio'r proffil a'r targedau ar y system electronig
- Os oes angen newid neu addasu'r wybodaeth sydd ar y system Proffil Un Dudalen gan gynnwys dileu neu ychwanegu gwahoddiadau cyfrannu i'r Proffil, cofnodwch ar **Ff2 Adolygu** a'i anfon i sylw Swyddog yr Awdurdod (Ellen Jones)
- Adnabod pwyntiau gweithredu ar gyfer sicrhau trosglwyddiad llyfn (os yn rhan o'r adolygiad)

Cynnydd



Parhau ar yr haen Darpariaeth Gyffredinol wedi'i dargedu neu camu lawr i'r haen Darpariaeth Gyffredinol.

Diffyg
cynnydd



Cyfeirio i sylw Wasanaeth perthnasol e.e. Gwasanaeth Therapydd Iaith, OT, YI, Prawf Clyw / Golwg neu Teuluoedd yn Gyntaf
Cais panel DD Môn / Gwynedd

Diffyg
cynnydd ac
wedi derbyn
ymyrnaeth



Os yw'n ymddangos fod posibilrwydd bod gan y plentyn ADY, RHAID cyfeirio'r plentyn i sylw Gwasanaeth ADY er mwyn cychwyn y broses statudol 'Ymholiad ADY'. Gellir defnyddio unrhyw ddull cyfeirio canlynol:
- Dilyn y linc ar y system proffil
- Cwblhau ffurflen gyfeirio sydd ar wefan ADY
Gweler siart llif proses ymholiad ADY ar y dudalen nesaf

Pwyntiau Pwysig

Mae'n bwysig cychwyn y broses trosglwyddo o leiaf 6 wythnos cyn y trosglwyddiad gan ddilyn y camau isod:

1: Rhiant wedi cofrestru gyda'r lleoliad newydd,

2: Gwahodd Cyd lynydd ADY Ysgol i fynychu'r cyfarfod adolygu / trosglwyddo

Defnyddiwch y rhestr wirio trefnu sgwrs pontio ac adolygu ar wefan ADYaCH

Proses gyfeirio plentyn Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (0-5) i sylw'r Awdurdod Lleol i gychwyn Ymholiad ADY

Ymholiad ADY Cam 1:

Awdurdod Addysg Lleol yn derbyn cyfeiriad bod posiblwydd bod gan blentyn Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol. Awdurdod yn **hysbysu'r rhiant** i'w hysbysu ac i rannu manylion y **Cydlynydd** dynodedig sydd wedi'i ddynodi i hwyluso'r camau dilynol. **Rhiant i lenwi'r ffurflen gasglu gwybodaeth a'i dychwelyd yn brydlon.**

Ymholiad ADY Cam 2:

Cydlynydd dynodedig yn trefnu **cyfarfod cychwynnol** gyda'r plentyn a'r rhiant i gyflwyno'r system ADY a chasglu gwybodaeth a thystiolaeth am anghenion eu plentyn. Gall Awdurdod Addysg Lleol **gyflwyno cais statudol** am wybodaeth a chyngor gan bersonau perthnasol. Rhaid iddynt gydymffurfio o fewn chwech wythnos. Bydd posib cyflwyno'r wybodaeth ar y **system CDU digidol** drwy dderbyn gwahoddiad drwy e-bost.

Ymholiad ADY Cam 3:

Cydlynydd dynodedig i gyflwyno'r wybodaeth a thystiolaeth i aelodau'r panel Cymedroli ADY. Aelodau yn ystyried y wybodaeth a thystiolaeth ac yn gwneud penderfyniad a oes gan y plentyn ADY ai peidio.

DIM ADY

Penderfynu pa wasanaethau sydd yn debygol o ddarparu darpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol .

ADY

Penderfyniad dim ADY

Hysbysu'r rhiant am y penderfyniad a rhesymau dros y penderfyniad hwnnw. Bydd yr hysbysiad yn nodi unrhyw gamau y bydd yr Awdurdod yn eu cymryd i sicrhau bod anghenion (nad ydnt yn ADY) yn cael eu diwallu. Gall rhiant drafod y penderfyniad ymhellach gyda'r Awdurdod (manylion yn cael eu cynnwys ar yr hysbysiad penderfyniad).

Llunio CDU Cam 1:

Hysbysu'r rhiant am y penderfyniad bod gan y plentyn ADY a darparu **pamffled gwybodaeth** am beth yw Cynllun Datblygu Unigol a dulliau sy'n canolbwytio ar yr unigolyn. Cydlynydd dynodedig i baratoi a threfnu cyfarfod i lunio Cynllun Datblygu Unigol. **Hysbysu'r rhiant a phawb** sy'n ymwneud â'r plentyn o ddyddiad y cyfarfod i lunio CDU a'r broses o rannu gwybodaeth o flaen llaw. Bydd cymorth a chefnogaeth ar gael i gefnogi'r rhieni a'r plentyn i gymryd rhan mor llawn â phosib yn y broses.

Llunio CDU Cam 2:

Cydlynydd dynodedig yn arwain y cyfarfod i lunio CDU er mwyn cyfrannu gwybodaeth a llunio **deilliannau a thargedau cytunedig** sy'n canolbwytio ar y plentyn.

Llunio CDU Cam 3:

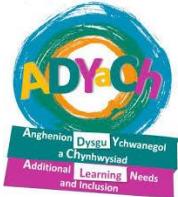
Hysbysu'r rhiant bod cyfre i rannu sylwadau ar gopi drafft o'r CDU. **Rhoddir amser penodol** i ymateb a rhannu unrhyw sylwadau. Gall y rhiant drafod unrhyw fater gyda'r Cydlynydd dynodedig.

Llunio CDU Cam 4:

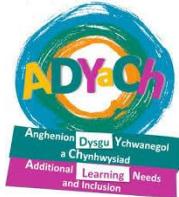
Cyflwyno'r CDU i sylw aelodau Panel Cymedroli i **gymedroli'r CDU**.

Cyflwyno CDU Cam 5:

Hysbysu'r rhiant bod yr Awdurdod Addysg Lleol yn rhoi copi o'r **CDU**. Hysbysir y rhiant o'r dyddiad **adolygu arfaethedig**. Gall y rhiant drafod unrhyw fater ymhellach gyda'r Cydlynydd dynodedig (manylion yn cael eu cynnwys ar yr hysbysiad penderfyniad).



Plentyn yn cychwyn y broses ymholiad ADY ar ôl cychwyn mewn lleoliad



Pwy all gyfeirio i gychwyn y broses ymholiad ADY?

- Gall unrhyw berson gyfeirio plentyn i sylw'r Awdurdod i ddechrau'r broses ymholiad ADY

Beth yw'r disgwyliadau os bydd lleoliad yn cyfeirio plentyn i ddechrau'r broses ymholi am ADY?

- Disgwylir yn gyffredinol bod y lleoliad wedi dilyn y prosesau ymateb graddedig o fewn y map darpariaeth cyn cyflwyno cyfeiriad i gychwyn y broses ymholiad ADY.
- Sicrhau cyfathrebu clir gyda'r YI a/neu'r athro/athrawes ymgynghorol cyn cychwyn ar y broses ymholi am ADY
- Disgwylir y dystiolaeth ganlynol:
 - 1) Proffil ansawdd yn ei le dros gyfnod o amser
 - 2) Monitro proffil Tarcio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar o leiaf 2 waith a'i uwch lwytho i'r system electronig
 - 3) Cofnod o'r hyn sy'n gweithio a'r hyn nad yw'n gweithio yn y tab 'ysgol'
 - 4) Tystiolaeth yn amlygu diffyg cynnydd

Beth y disgwyliir i'r lleoliad ei wneud yn ystod yr ymchwiliad?

- 1) Mynychu a chyfrannu yn y cyfarfod i lunio CDU
- 2) Ymateb i lythyr penderfyniad gan yr Awdurdod o fewn 10 diwrnod gwaith

Cyfarfod ADOLYGU ar gyfer plentyn a CDU

Monitro Parhaus

- Mae'n hanfodol bod y targedau o fewn y CDU yn cael eu monitro yn gyson yn ogystal â diweddaru'r proffil tracio Blynnyddoedd Cynnar.
- Bydd aelod o'r Tîm Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (ADY) gallu cefnogi lleoliadau i gyflawni hyn.
- Bydd y wybodaeth yma yn allweddol bwysig wrth adolygu'r CDU

Nodir yn y CDU dyddiad adolygu arfaethedig a hefyd gellir cyflwyno cais i adolygu yn gynt os oes angen drwy bwys o'r system CDU electroneg (gweler pamffled proses adolygu).

- **Bydd y Cyd lynydd dynodedig yn trefnu cyfarfod adolygu** gyda'r rhiant / gwarchodwr, ymarferydd o'r lleoliad ag unrhyw wasanaeth sy'n ymwneud â'r plentyn.
- Bydd angen ystyried oes angen cynnwys trefniadau cynllunio pontio yn yr adolygiad
- Gweler pamffled 'Beth yw cyfarfod adolygu CDU?'
- Gweler pamffled' Trefniadau cynllunio'r broses pontio'



Hyfforddiant gan Dîm Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (ADY)

Hyfforddiant ADY / Map darpariaeth		
Modiwl 1	Cyflwyno prosesau a gweithdrefnau i gyd fynd â Map darpariaeth	Medi
Modiwl 2	Prosesau monitor ac adolygu	Hydref
Modiwl Blynnyddol 1	Diweddarriadau yn ymwneud a Map Darpariaeth ag ADY	Tachwedd
Modiwl Blynnyddol 2	Adnoddau a strategaethau o fewn y Map Darpariaeth	Gwanwyn. Gellir trefnu sesiynau ychwanegol yn ôl yr angen
Modiwl ‘Mop up’	Ail gyflwyno prosesau a gweithdrefnau i gyd fynd â'r map darpariaeth	Yn ôl yr angen

- Bydd disgwyl i bob Arweinydd / rheolwraig fynychu'r modiwlau blynnyddol.
- Gofynnir i bob arweinydd newydd fynychu Modiwlau 1 a Modiwl 2 yn ychwanegol i'r modiwlau blynnyddol
- Gofynnir i bob gweithiwr allweddol fynychu modiwl blynnyddol 2 yn ogystal â chwblhau'r ddau hyfforddiant canlynol ar y we:
 - Gwylio 'gai ymuno a chdi' ar Youtube – fidio 2 awr
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ebs1CCHnJI4>
 - Cwblhau hyfforddiant e-ddysgu ICAN
 - [CPD short course \(ican.org.uk\)](http://cpdshortcourse.ican.org.uk/)

Dulliau addysgu, strategaethau ac ymyraethau sydd wedi'u hadnabod fel arfer dda

Gweler nodiadau hyfforddiant Modiwl 2 BLYNYDDOL (Adnoddau a strategaethau o fewn y Map Darpariaeth) i gefnogi'r rhan yma

Gweithdrefnau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff yn cydymffurfio gyda pholisiau perthnasol • Staff yn mynychu hyfforddiant lefel Darpariaeth Gyffredinol: • Ystyried Map Darpariaeth y lleoliad – cymhareb staff a'u lleoliad yn y 'stafell (gellir defnyddio templed yr Awdurdod) • Cyswllt agos gyda'r rhiant (e.e. Class Dojo, Ilyfr Newyddion Da, ap Seesaw)*
Gwahaniaethu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cynllunio ar gyfer anghenion, diddordebau a sgemau (patrwm chwarae) y plant* • Cynllunio a chynnal sesiynau chwarae corfforol y tu mewn a'r tu allan (e.e. Llythrennedd Corfforol, Traed bach Sionc)* • Adnoddau ac amgylchedd sydd yn addas ar gyfer cam datblygiad y plentyn • Cynllunio a darparu gweithgareddau i ddatblygu sgiliau motor mân (e.e. Bysedd Bywiog) • Cynllunio gweithgareddau grŵp bach • Cynllunio gweithgareddau amserol/addas ar gyfer datblygu sgiliau cyfathrebu yn naturiol yn yr ardaloedd • Cynllunio cyfleoedd i ail-ymweld ag ymarfer sgiliau*
Cyfathrebu a rhyngweithio effeithiol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lleoliadau cyfathrebu gyfeillgar – defnyddio'r awdit • Holl staff wedi derbyn hyfforddiant I CAN a Gai ymuno â chdi • Staff yn meddu ar ddealltwriaeth o ddatblygiad iaith* • Oedolion yn defnyddio mynegiant dilafar, arwyddion (Makaton), symbolau, lluniau i gefnogi dealltwriaeth* • Oedolion yn defnyddio strategaethau Rhyngweithio Plentyn/Oedolyn yn effeithiol i ddatblygu sgiliau cyfathrebu cynnar* (dilyn chwarae'r plentyn, efelychu synau a'r chwarae, sylwebu ar y chwarae a ddim yn gofyn cwestiynau, chwarae cyfochrog) • Defnyddio iaith sy'n addas i ddatblygiad y plentyn gan bwysleisio geiriau allweddol* • Gwirio dealltwriaeth ac atgyfnerthu trwy ailadrodd, ail-ddweud, egluro a modelu* • Gweithgareddau/gemau ymarferol i ddatblygu sgiliau gwrandio a chanolbwytio • Gweithgareddau/gemau ymarferol i ddatblygu cof

Egwyddorion anogaeth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff yn meddu ar ddealltwriaeth o ddatblygiad emosiynol gyda gwybodaeth am theori ymlyniad • Darparu gweithgareddau mecaniddol neu rythmig i leddfu plentyn sydd wedi gor-gyffroi, e.e. cyfateb, lliwio, gweithgareddau synhwyraidd • Defnyddio dulliau PACE, sef Playfulness, Accepting, Curious, Empathetic, i gefnogi plentyn • Modelu, promptio ac atgyfnerthu ymddygiad cadarnhaol a sgiliau rhyngweithio • Storiâu cymdeithasol • Staff yn gweithredu cyfnodau rwtîn yn gyson (plant yn teimlo'n ddiogel)* • Staff yn rhoi rhybudd bod rhywbeth yn newid (newid yn gallu codi ofn) e.e. mewn dau funud amser chwarae yn gorffen, wedyn amser tacluso – defnyddio amserydd tywod • Sylwebu yn uchel (e.e. Dwi'n gweld bod... yn cymryd tro wrth chwarae gêm, Dwi'n sylwi bod... yn defnyddio geiriau caredig, Dwi'n meddwl bod... yn teimlo'n flin gan ei fod yn gwasgu ei ddwylo) • Gosod ffiniau clir, ond ddim yn rhy haearnaidd. Angen bod yn hyblyg gan ddangos empathe, e.e. Dwi'n meddwl bod rhannu yn anodd i ti heddiw felly beth am fynd i chwarae y tu allan • Cynllunio a darparu cyfleoedd i ddatblygu dealltwriaeth o emosiynau, sgiliau cymdeithasol a pherthynas gyda phlant eraill drwy weithgareddau grŵp • Systemau cymhelliant (systemau unigol a/neu grŵp) • Hunan-gofrestru teimladau (cofrestr weledol/synhwyraidd sydd yn annog plentyn i ddatblygu annibyniaeth a'r gallu i enwi a labelu emosiynau), (pob sesiwn) • Cyfarchiad personol i blentyn (pob sesiwn) i helpu i ddatblygu perthynas • Cyfnod setlo yn syth ar gychwyn sesiwn (pob sesiwn) • Helpwr y dydd (datblygu hunanhyder a hunanddelwedd y plentyn) • Sesiynau meddwlgarwch (e.e. ioga, rhaglen Cyw Shwsh a Swyn, sesiynau anadlu dwfn) • Ardal ymdawelu (yn cynnwys adnoddau, amlsynhwyraidd i gefnogi'r broses o hunanreoli eu hemosiynau)** • Cefnogi emosiynau mawr drwy ddarparu 'Amser i mewn' i ymdawelu (yn hytrach na amser allan) sef darparu amser i ffwrdd o weithgareddau a threulio amser gydag oedolyn mewn man tawel gydag adnoddau addas • Staff yn deall bod ymddygiad yn ffordd o gyfathrebu – arsyli a cheisio deall beth yw'r materion a chynllunio newidiadau i'r drefn** • Caniatáu i blentyn ddod â thegan a/neu lun o Mam/Dad efo nhw i'r lleoliad (cefnogi'r plentyn i ddeall bod eu gofalwr, e.e. Mam, yn cofio amdanynt)
Adnoddau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lluniau o sgiliau cymdeithasol ar gylch allwedi gan staff (gweler gwefan ADYaCh)* • Amserlen weledol gan ddefnyddio ieithwedd sym 'rŵan..., wedyn...'. Ystyried cam datblygiad y plant: cynrychiolaeth symbolaidd o hawsaf i anoddaf i'w ddeall: gwrthrychau go iawn, gwrthrychau bach, lluniau, symbol (cardiau symbol ar wefan ADYaCh)* • Cardiau gweledol i gefnogi cyfnodau penodol (cyfnod byrbryd, eistedd ar y carped, toiled a golchi dwylo - cardiau gweledol ar wefan ADYaCh) *

Amgylchedd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adnoddau i gefnogi hygyrchedd - hwyluso mynediad (e.e. beic bach i ddau, siswrn diogelwch, llyfrau amlsynhwyradd) Ystafell drefnus (gofod clir i symud)* Amgylchedd wedi'i drefnu gydag ardaloedd wedi'u diffinio a'u labelu gyda lluniau, symbolau a geiriau* Gofod addas ar gyfer ymyriadau meddygol a threfniadau hylendid personol Addasiadau rhesymol i'r lleoliad (e.e. canllaw) Lleihau sŵn yn y cefndir*
Iechyd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Archwiliad corfforol o fewn 72 awr ar ôl geni - Prawf clyw o fewn 14 diwrnod - Prawf gwaed o fewn 8 diwrnod - Ymweliadau YI (Rhaglen Plant Iach): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 14 diwrnod Cyswllt YI 6 Wythnos cyswllt YI 8, 12 ac 16 wythnos ymweliad yn y clinig YI – mesur a phwysyo 15 mis ymweliad cartref YI Asesiad datblygiad a thyfiant 27 mis ymweliad cartref YI Asesiad datblygiad a thyfiant 41 mis ymweliad cartref YI 4 oed trosglwyddo i Nyrs Ysgol
Rhiantu	Cylch Ti a Fi
Gofal	Mynediad i leoliad Dechrau'n Deg (12.5 awr yr wythnos) i blant 2 oed
Rhiantu	Cyrsiau cyffredinol, e.e. Blynnyddoedd Rhyfeddol Babi a Phlentyn Bach, Diogelwch yn y cartref, Dewch i goginio a Rhaglen Anogaeth
Iechyd (Dechrau'n Deg)	<p>Ymweliadau YI ychwanegol Gwaith grŵp, e.e. Tylino Babi, Codi ymwybyddiaeth iechyd Asesiadau Wellcomm 15 mis a 21 mis</p>
Mynediad i'r Tim Datblygiad Cynnar Dechrau'n Deg (ffurflen gyfeirio)	<p>Gwaith grŵp – camau bach Diwrnodau haul, Sesiynau stori, Dosbarthu llyfrau Cefnogaeth Therapydd yn y lleoliadau gofal <i>Launch into Language</i> (unigol)</p>

Cefnogaeth i'r lleoliadau (Gweler map cefnogaeth atodol)	
ALI	Mudiadau Cwlwm a'r Trydydd sector
<p>Rhaglen hyfforddiant blynnyddol: Modiwlau ADY (gweler rhaglen yn yr atodiadau)</p> <p>Cefnogaeth gan tîm athrawon Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (lleoliadau nas cynhelir sydd yn ddarparwyr addysg neu Dechrau'n Deg)</p> <p>Gwefan ADYaCh</p> <p>Gwefan gwybodaeth i deuluoedd</p> <p>Swyddog Datblygu Gofal</p>	Cefnogaeth gan swyddogion mudiadau Cwlwm

	Darpariaeth Gyffredinol wedi'i thargedu (cyfrifoldeb y lleoliad)
Gweithdrefnau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff yn cydymffurfio gyda pholisïau perthnasol • Staff yn mynchu hyfforddiant lefel Darpariaeth Gyffredinol a Thargedu • Cyswllt agos gyda'r rhiant (e.e. Class Dojo, Ilyfr Newyddion Da, ap Seesaw) yn ddyddiol* • Cynllun Meddygol a/neu PEP (cynllun personol gadael) • Asesiad risg • Rhaglen fwyta/toiledu (wedi'i llunio gan y lleoliad)
Gwahaniaethu	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol gan ystyried amlder a chymhareb staff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gweithredu unrhyw gynllun gan wasanaeth iechyd, e.e. ffysiotherapi neu Therapydd Galwedigaethol
Cyfathrebu a rhng-weithio effeithiol	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol gan ystyried amlder a chymhareb staff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gweithiwr allweddol wedi derbyn hyfforddiant: Makaton, Elkлан, • Rhngweithio gydag oedolyn yn rheolaidd: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Wyneb yn wyneb - Gwylio ac aros - Dilyn y plentyn - Dynwared - Sylwebu - Dehongli - Ychwanegu mwy o eiriau - Lleihau pwysau (llai o gwestiynu) - Cymryd tro • Cynllunio gweithgareddau targedu, e.e. allan o <i>Big Book of Ideas</i>, Ilyfryn Elkлан - Adeiladwr Iaith (Ilyfr gwyrdd) yn deillio o asesiadau penodol, e.e. WellComm (coch/melyn), Ican neu Rhestr Wirio BC (Sgôr <4) • Personoli ymyraethau a strategaethau sydd ar lefel Gyffredinol • Gwrthrych cyfeirio - defnyddio gwrthrychau go iawn i atgyfnerthu dealltwriaeth yn rheolaidd • Gweithredu rhaglen gan Therapydd Iaith • Defnyddio arwyddion Makaton i gefnogi dealltwriaeth yn ddyddiol ac fel rhan annatod o'r sesiwn
Egwyddorion anogaeth	<p>Fel darpariaeth gyffredinol gan ystyried amlder a chymhareb staff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hyfforddiant • Cynllunio gweithgareddau targedu yn deillio o asesiadau penodol, e.e. Rhestr wirio BC, Rhestr wirio anawsterau ymlyniad • Personoli ymyraethau a strategaethau sydd ar lefel Gyffredinol • Ymyrraeth 'Chwarae'n Seiliedig ar berthynas' • Adoddau personol i'r plentyn yn yr ardal ymdawelu
Adnoddau	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol gan ystyried cam datblygiadol unigolion: cynrychiolaeth symbolaidd o hawsaf i anoddaf i'w ddeall: gwrthrychau go iawn, gwrthrychau bach, lluniau, symbol</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cerdyn rŵan ac wedyn, gan ystyried y cysyniad gorffen. Defnyddio ciw gweledol a chlywedol i gynrychioli 'gorffen' - e.e. defnyddio bysedd i gyfrif i lawr 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 gorffen (defnyddio arwydd i gyfleo gorffen). Gellir cyflwyno amserydd tywod i gefnogi rŵan ac wedyn ac amserlen weledol • Cerdyn dewis (gwrthrychau, lluniau neu symbol)
Amgylchedd	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol ac ystyried asesiadau risg unigolion</p>

Cefnogaeth i'r lleoliadau	
ALI / Iechyd	Mudiadau Cwlwm a'r Trydydd sector
<p>Hyfforddiant penodol</p> <p>Cefnogaeth gan swyddog chwarae ac iaith</p> <p>Cefnogaeth gan dîm iechyd</p> <p>Cefnogaeth gan dîm Dechrau'n Deg (lleoliadau DD ac ardaloedd ymestyn allan yn unig)</p> <p>Cefnogaeth gan Tîm Blynnyddoedd Cynnar (lleoliadau nas cynhelir sy'n ddarparwyr</p> <p>Cefnogaeth gan dîm nam synhwyraidd a/neu meddygol a/neu corfforol addysg neu'n lleoliadau Dechrau'n Deg yn unig</p> <p>Swyddog Arweiniol ADY (lleoliadau gofal)</p>	Cefnogaeth gan swyddogion mudiadau Cwlwm

Darpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol

Bydd yr Awdurdod Lleol wedi paratoi CDU sy'n nodi'r Ddarpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol y mae'r anhawster dysgu neu anabledd yn galw amdani. Nodir yn y Cod ADY, 2021, Pennod 11.28:

'Rhaid i'r Awdurdod sicrhau'r DdDdY... Nid yw hyn yn berthnasol i unrhyw DdDdY sy'n driniaeth berthnasol neu'n wasanaeth perthnasol a nodir gan un o gyrrff y GIG. Mewn achos o'r fath, mae rhaid i gorff y GIG sicrhau'r DdDdY. Os yw'r CDU yn nodi y dylid cyflwyno math penodol o DdDdY trwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg, rhaid i'r awdurdod lleol gymryd pob cam rhesymol i sicrhau y caiff ei darparu yn Gymraeg'

Darpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol	
	<p>Yn dilyn penderfyniad bod gan blentyn ADY (gweler llif siart cyfeirio i sylw'r Awdurdod – Gwasanaeth ADYaCh) bydd rhan 2b a 2c o fewn y CDU yn nodi'n glir beth yw'r Ddarpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol sydd angen ei sefydlu</p>
Gweithdrefnau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff yn cydymffurfio gyda pholisiau perthnasol • Staff yn mynychu hyfforddiant ar lefel Darpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol • Cydweithio'n agos gyda'r cydlynydd dynodedig ac unrhyw wasanaeth arall sy'n ymwneud â'r plentyn (wedi'u nodi ar y CDU) • Asesiadau risg a/neu asesiad trin a symud • Cynllun lechyd a gofal unigol (pwy sydd yn gyfrifol mewn lleoliadau nas cynhelir) • Rhaglen fwyta a/neu toiledu gan weithiwr iechyd
Gwahaniaethu	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol/Targedu gan ystyried amlder a chymhareb staff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cyflwyno'r ddarpariaeth ddysgu ychwanegol sydd wedi'i nodi yn y CDU
Cyfathrebu a rhyngweithio effeithiol*	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol/Targedu gan ystyried amlder a chymhareb staff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gweithiwr allweddol wedi derbyn hyfforddiant ar lefel darpariaeth ychwanegol o fewn strategaeth Siarad â thi • Defnyddio Makaton neu PECS i gyfathrebu • Gweithredu rhaglen gan Therapydd laith
Egwyddorion anogaeth**	<p>Fel darpariaeth Gyffredinol/Targedu gan ystyried amlder a chymhareb staff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Adnoddau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adnoddau arbenigol (cyngor gan Wasanaeth lechyd)
Amgylchedd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Addasiadau arbenigol
Synhwyraidd (Clyw)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mewnbwn gan wasanaeth Clyw • Adnoddau gweledol • Sicrhau mynediad at ddarllen gwefus y siaradwr • Amser i brosesu iaith • Gwirio dealltwriaeth wrth gyflwyno geirfa/cysyniadau newydd • Ystod o ymyraethau i ddatblygu sgiliau gwrando - <i>Auditory Awareness, Discrimination and Patterning, Auditory Identification, Auditory Therapy, Auditory Comprehension</i>: Rhaglenni hyfforddiant clywedol - <i>auditory training</i> – yn ôl lefel sgil gwrando • Ystod o ymyraethau cof clywedol - <i>auditory memory</i> – e.e. <i>working memory</i> • Ymyraethau laith Arwydd – yn ôl angen/lefel unigolyn • Ymyraethau datblygu sgiliau cymdeithasol • Ymyraethau i ddatblygu sgiliau iaith - <i>semanteg liwgar, secrets of words</i> ac ati

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ymyraethau i ddatblygu sgiliau meddal disgylbwyr, e.e. ymwybyddiaeth disgylbwyr o'i anghenion gwrandu • Defnydd o cit profi i blentyn sy'n gwisgo offer arbenigol, e.e. teclynau clyw. Cyfnodau dyddiol i lanhau a gofalu am yr offer •
Synhwyraidd (golwg)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mewnbyn gan wasanaeth Nam Golwg • Ystod o ymyraethau i ddatblygu golwg weithredol - <i>Positive looking, gweithgareddau visual discrimination</i> • Ymyraethau Braille – <i>Pre-braille</i>, yn ôl anghenion yr unigolyn • Ymyraethau i ddatblygu sgiliau cyfathrebu, e.e. TaSSeLs (<i>Tactile Signing for Sensory Learners</i>) ar gyfer unigolion cwbl ddall neu anghenion dwys • <i>Easy Easier</i> – barn/llais y plentyn • Ymyraethau i ddatblygu annibyniaeth/sgiliau byw - yn ôl anghenion yr unigolyn • Ymyraethau i ddatblygu sgiliau symudedd yn ôl anghenion yr unigolyn • Ymyraethau datblygu sgiliau cymdeithasol yn ôl angen yr unigolyn

Cefnogaeth i'r lleoliadau	
ALI/lechyd	Mudiadau Cwlwm a'r Trydydd sector
<p>Hyfforddiant ar lefer darpariaeth ychwanegol Cyngor a chefnogaeth gan Wasanaeth Seicoleg Cefnogaeth gan tim blynnyddoedd Cynnars ADY Cefnogaeth gan dîm nam synhwyraidd a/neu meddygol a/neu corfforol Cyngor gan Banel Cymedrol Blynnyddoedd Cynnars Mewnbyn gan Wasanaeth DD (lleoliadau DD yn unig) Gwasanaethau lechyd yn cynghori, cefnogi a/neu darparu triniaeth Cyngor a chefnogaeth gan Swyddog Arweiniol ADY y Blynnyddoedd Cynnars</p>	

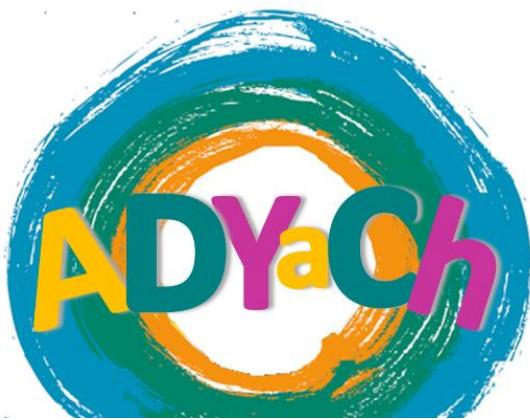
Egwyddorion ADY ar gyfer lleoliadau Gofal Plant / Addysg nas cynhelir.

- Byddwn yn gweithio tuag at ddarparu lefel uchel o Ddarpariaeth Gyffredinol i gwrdd ag anghenion pob plentyn.
- Lle bo hynny'n briodol, byddwn yn gwneud addasiadau rhesymol (Deddf Cydraddoldeb 2010, Safonau Gofynnol AGC) er mwyn addasu ein trefniadau arferol, adnoddau, amgylcheddau, a rhwngweithiadau ag oedolion er mwyn cynnig Darpariaeth Gyffredinol wedi'i Thargeddu i gwrdd ag anghenion pob plentyn.
- Byddwn yn cynnig darpariaeth gynhwysol lle mae ein plant yn ganolog i bopeth a wnawn.
- Byddwn bob amser yn dilyn dull sy'n canolbwytio ar y plentyn, gan ddechrau gyda'r plentyn a beth y gallent ei wneud, ac adeiladu ar eu cryfderau.
- Lle bo hynny'n briodol, byddwn yn defnyddio Proffiliau Un Dudalen er mwyn casglu gwybodaeth yngylch beth rydym yn ei hoffi ac yn ei edmygu am y plentyn, beth sy'n bwysig iddyn nhw a beth sy'n bwysig i'w cefnogi.
- Byddwn bob amser yn gweithio mewn partneriaeth gyda rhieni / gofalwyr, fel prif ddarparwyr gofal y plentyn, wrth wneud pob penderfyniad.
- Mae'n rhaid cael caniatâd rhieni/gofalwyr cyn rhannu gwybodaeth benodol am eu plentyn, yn unol â gofynion y Rheoliad Diogelu Data Cyffredinol (GDPR).
- Byddwn yn cofnodi, monitro ac yn adolygu ein Darpariaeth Gyffredinol sy'n cynnwys Darpariaeth wedi'i Thargeddu yn unol a'r ddogfen Map Darpariaeth.
- Os byddwn yn dal yn bryderus am allu plentyn i ddysgu ac i wneud cynnydd, byddwn yn cysylltu gyda'r Athro/Athrawes Ymgynghorol / Swyddog Gofal Plant am gyngor/cefnogaeth.
- Byddwn yn gweithredu ar y cyngor, y canllawiau a'r hyfforddiant a ddarparwyd gan asiantaethau allanol, gan weithio ar y cyd er mwyn galluogi plant unigol i gyflawni eu potensial.
- Mae gan yr awdurdod lleol ddyletswydd i ymateb i unrhyw bryderon a godir am Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol posibl plentyn.
- Pan fydd rhiant yn mynegi pryder neu amheuaeth bod gan eu plentyn Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol, byddwn yn trefnu cyfarfod i gytuno ar bwyntiau gweithredu. Gall hyn, yn unol â'r ddyletswydd gyfreithiol o dan Ddeddf ADYTA, 2018, gynnwys hysbysu'r Awdurdod Lleol y gallai fod gan y plentyn ADY.
- Os oes gan blentyn yn ein gofal Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol, byddwn yn cymryd rhan mewn cyfarfodydd adolygu a byddwn yn cyfrannu at eu Cynllun Datblygu Unigol.
- Byddwn yn cynnig Darpariaeth Ddysgu Ychwanegol hyd eithaf ein gallu, yn unol â Chynllun Datblygu Unigol y plentyn.
- Byddwn yn trosglwyddo'r holl wybodaeth berthnasol mewn adolygiadau trosglwyddo a byddwn yn addasu'r broses drosglwyddo fel ei bod yn gweddú'n dda i anghenion ein plant.
- Byddwn yn sicrhau bod datblygiad proffesiynol ein staff yn gyfredol â'r gofynion ADY cyfredol, a byddant yn mynd ar gyrsiau hyfforddi perthnasol.
-

Adolygydd gan wasanaeth ADYaCh Gwynedd a Môn 06/2021

Atodiadau ar gwefan ADYaCH

- 1) Cam wrth gam Prosesau Map Darpariaeth
- 2) Tabl gwirio ansawdd proffil un dudalen
- 3) Rhestr wirio trefnu sgwrs i gynllunio'r broses pontio a/ neu adolygu ar lefel targedu



Early Years

Provision Map

Additional Learning

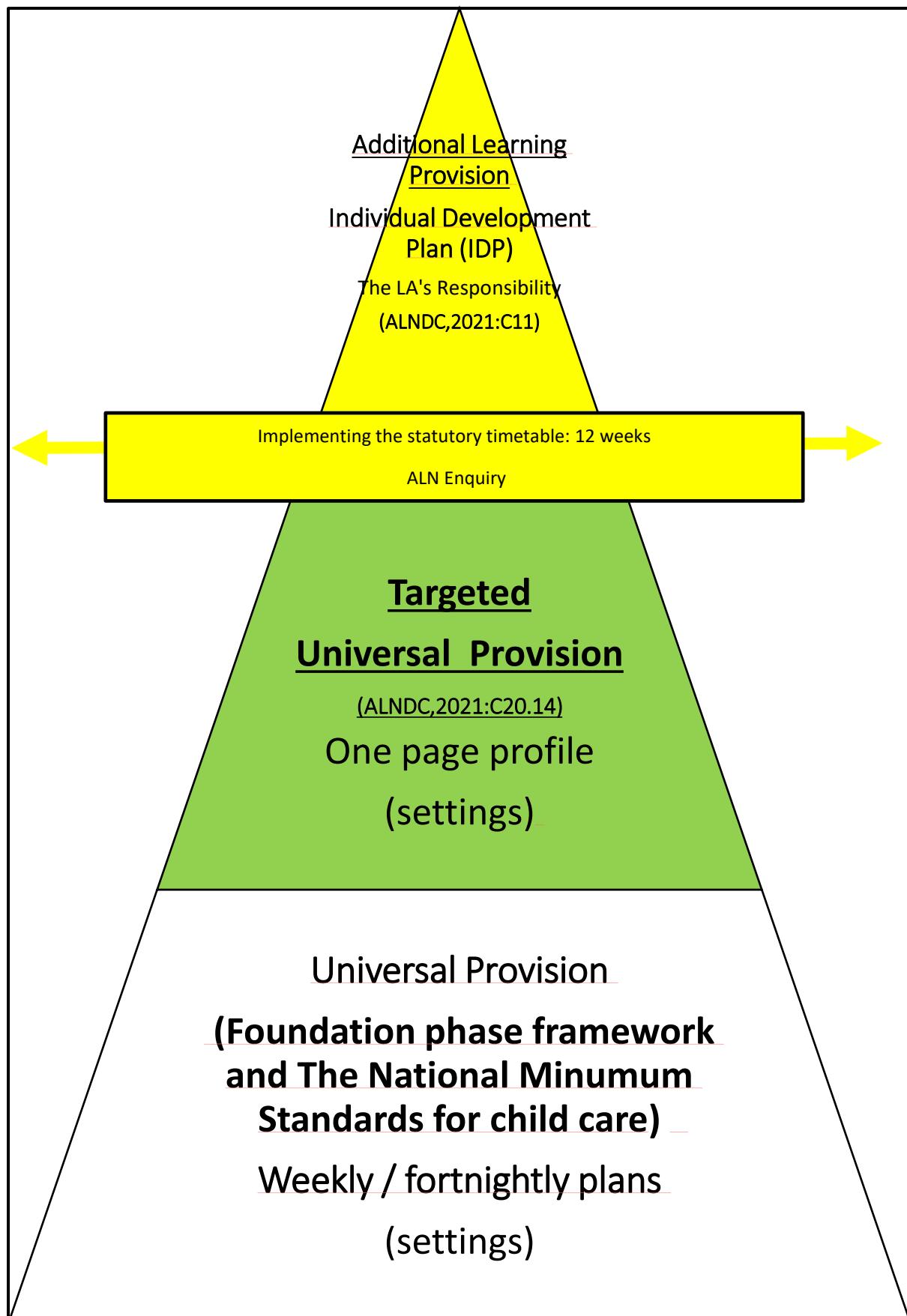
and Inclusion

Gwynedd and Anglesey

**November
2022**



Early Years Provision Map Model (ALN)



Introduction

See Module 1 (introducing the provision Map processes and procedures) training notes to support the first part of this document

The Local Authority has collaborated to develop a 'Gwynedd and Anglesey Early Years ALN&I Provision Map' in partnership with early years settings and representatives from Health, Care and Voluntary Bodies.

Who are the Early Years?

Children below compulsory school age are not in a maintained school in Wales.

Why the need for a provision map?

Welsh Government has committed to transform expectations, experiences and results for children with additional learning needs.

The legislative framework of the new system is based on the Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal (Wales) Act 2018 and the ALN Code 2021.

Through this statutory framework, Welsh Government aims to ensure that every child with ALN receives support to overcome barriers to learning and can fulfil their full potential by creating:

- A unified legislative framework to support every child and young person (0-25) with additional learning needs (ALN)
- An integrated, co-operative process of assessing, planning and monitoring the support provided to a child with ALN, which facilitates the process of providing timely and effective interventions.
- A fair and transparent system to provide information and advice and to resolve concerns and appeals

This document (*Gwynedd and Anglesey Early Years Provision Map*) supports the aforementioned aspirations by providing specific and clear guidelines based on legislative requirements on how to support children with additional learning needs in the early years in Gwynedd and Anglesey. Schools should refer to the accompanying document '*Gwynedd and Anglesey Schools Provision Map*' as part of planning for the process of transferring a child with ALN from a pre-school setting to a Nursery class.

The provision map provides vital information for ensuring support, through early and thorough intervention to the range of needs of every child. A provision map provides a comprehensive overview of the differentiated provision that early years settings can offer in order to help every pupil. The provision map has been arranged in accordance with the graduated response.

Early and graduated intervention is essential to reduce pupils' difficulties later on. The ALN Code, 2021, Chapter 3.12 notes:

'Early identification of ALN, the timely delivery of interventions and effective transition planning are central to ensuring children and young people with ALN have the opportunity to succeed and have access to an education which meets their needs.' ... 3.13 The importance of timely identification and of providing appropriate provision as soon as possible for a child or young person with ALN cannot be overemphasised. The sooner action is taken, the more effective the steps taken will be. Also, early

identification of ALN and putting appropriate interventions in place can also eliminate the need for more costly and less effective intervention further down the line.

Is there a need for an ALN policy in our settings?

There are no statutory requirements for you to create ALN specific policies, however, the North Wales Early Years executive group has created a document which includes '*ALN Principles for non-maintained care / education settings*' which can be included as an attachment to a relevant policy (can be seen on page 43).

What are Additional Learning Needs (ALN)?

It is defined in the Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal (Wales) Act 2018 as:

'(1) A person has additional learning needs if he or she has a learning difficulty or disability (whether the learning difficulty or disability arises from a medical condition or otherwise) which calls for additional learning provision.

(2) A child of compulsory school age or person over that age has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she—

(a) has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or

(b) has a disability for the purposes of the Equality Act 2010 (c. 15) which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities for education or training of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream maintained schools or mainstream institutions in the further education sector.

(3) A child under compulsory school age has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she is, or would be if no additional learning provision were made, likely to be within subsection (2) when of compulsory school age.'

What is an Individual Development Plan (IDP)? (See ALN Code, 2021, C23)

An Individual Development Plan (IDP) is a statutory plan that is put in place after determining that a pupil has ALN. The IDP includes a description of the child's ALN, and notes the Additional Learning Provision (ALP) put in place.

A person-centred approach is used in order to plan the additional learning provision for the child. This approach gives everyone an opportunity to share their views on what works, and what doesn't work for the child, and what is important to them.

Every part of the IDP is important when reviewing a child's progress. Day-to-day use of the UDP is essential in order to ensure that staff are aware of the individual needs and the best way of supporting the child with ALN. They are expected to be live electronic documents that will be reviewed regularly, as required, and every 12 months at least. (See pamphlet '*What is an Individual Development Plan on the Gwynedd and Anglesey ALN&I website*)

What is the structure of the provision map?

The provision map was modelled using a triangle split into three layers (see the model on the first page). The base of the triangle is the Universal provision (in white), the triangle's central tier is the

Universal targeted provision (in green) and the top of the triangle is the additional learning provision (in yellow).

What is Universal Provision (the base of the triangle)?

Every setting is expected to be inclusive by offering effective differentiated experiences with the practitioners having high expectations and aspirations for every child. Universal Provision is the general strategies and interventions that have been identified as good practice in order to enrich learning experiences.

This is a statutory requirements in the 'Foundation Phase Framework'

'The Foundation Phase curriculum should be flexible to allow practitioners working with children opportunities to plan and provide an appropriate curriculum for children who are at an early stage of their development and for those who are more able. Children need a broad, balanced and differentiated curriculum. Through appropriate planning and structured experiences in the Areas of Learning children should grow, develop and progress in their development.'

The Statutory Framework 'National Minimum Standards for Regulated Childcare for children up to the age of 12 years', also notes that a range of play and learning methods must be encompassed within the early years:

Standard 4: Meeting individual needs ... Outcome: Each child's individual needs, including any special educational needs and disabilities, are planned for and provided for'

The Equality Act 2010 also places a duty within Universal provision on a setting or the service provider to make reasonable adjustments for children with disabilities including learning difficulties. Settings or service providers are required to eliminate or minimise obstacles to access the environment, learning opportunities and facilities in order to ensure that each child can contribute in full to the experiences provided. Reasonable adjustments are changes which have a positive effect on the development and welfare of a child. These changes can include practitioners' expectations, accessibility of appropriate resources, flexible practices, arranging staff and environmental adaptations. Many of the reasonable adjustments are inexpensive and include changes in practice rather than expensive equipment or additional staff.

See the list (white table on page 36-38) within this document of learning methods, strategies and interventions that have been identified as good practice in this tier. This list can be used as a useful benchmark for developing very effective practices, policies and procedures within a setting or service.

What is Targeted Universal Provision?

Based on sources of evidence of a child's attainment and/or progress, settings must provide specific interventions and/or strategies in order to respond to the specific fields that cause concern. Also, professionals such as the Health Service can support the targeted Universal provision. Targeted Universal provision is a statutory requirement within the ALN Code, 2021, C20.14

'Where progress is not adequate, it will be necessary to take some additional or different action to enable the learner to learn more effectively. The first response to inadequate progress would often be teaching targeted specifically at learners' areas of weakness. All education settings are expected

to put in place differentiated teaching or other targeted interventions designed to secure better progress where appropriate, for all learners. Indeed, most children and young people will require a differentiated approach in some aspects of their education at some point. This is a fundamental element of high quality - but routine - teaching.'

See the list (green table on page 39-40) within this document of learning methods, strategies and interventions that have been identified as good practice in this tier. Note that some strategies and interventions are shown in more than one tier; however, the frequency and/or staff ratio have been adjusted.

What is Additional Learning Provision?

Additional Learning Provision is defined in the ALN Code, 2021, C2.4 as:

(1) "*Additional learning provision*" for a person aged three or over means educational or training provision that is additional to, or different from, that made generally for others of the same age

- (a) mainstream maintained schools in Wales,
- (b) mainstream institutions in the further education sector in Wales, or
- (c) places in Wales at which nursery education is provided.

(2) "*Additional learning provision*" for a child aged under three means educational provision of any kind.

(3) In subsection (1), "*nursery education*" means education suitable for a child who has reached the age of three but is below compulsory school age.

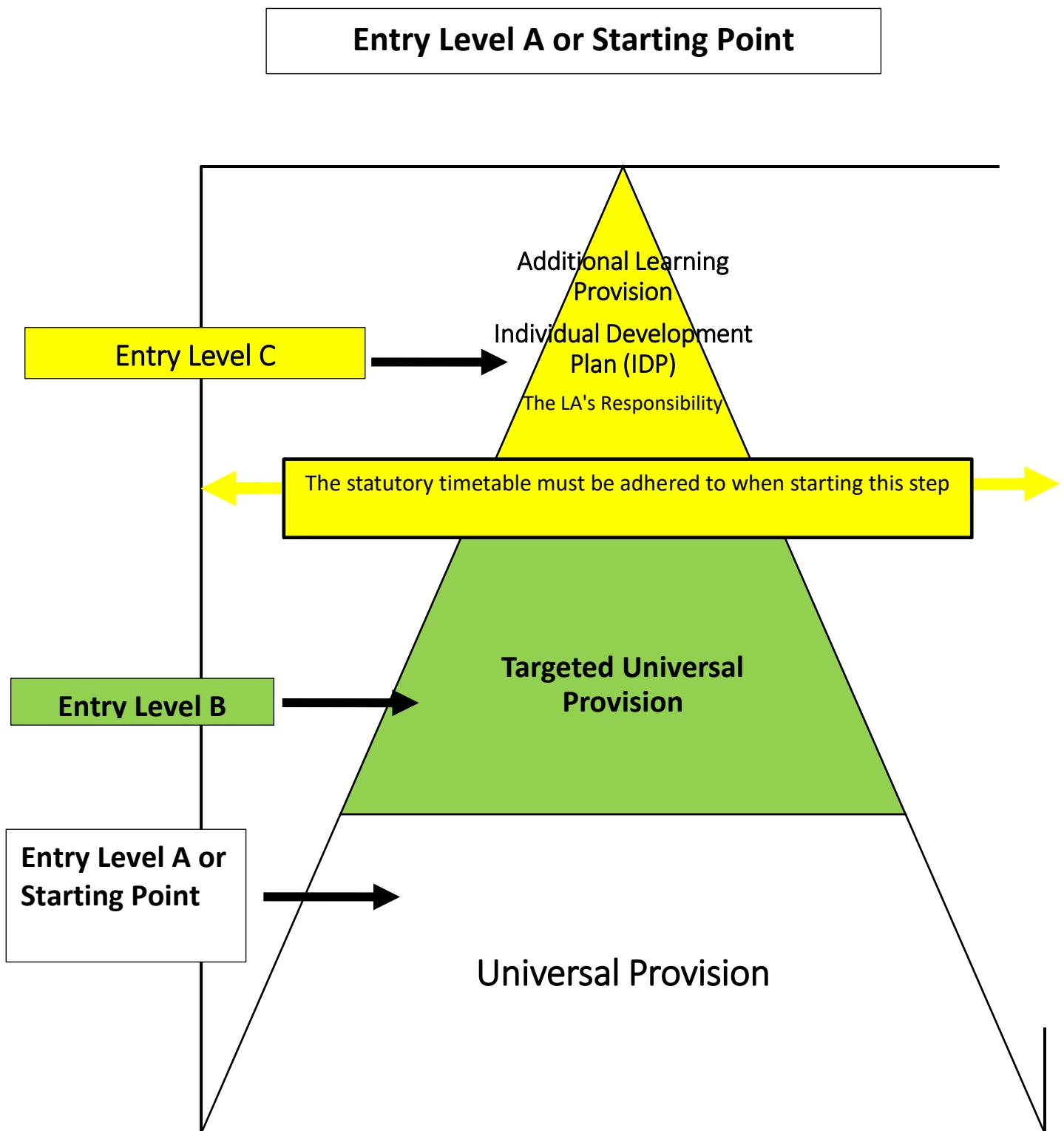
See the list (yellow table on page 41-42) within this document of strategies and interventions that have been identified as good practice in this tier.

How to make effective use of the provision map.

Settings are not expected to offer all the interventions and strategies included in the map. All Early Years settings are expected to act by observing and assess, plan, implement and reviewing in order to look at the needs of the children and select the required strategies and/or interventions to provide for and support the needs of the child or children. This means the provision within a setting may vary in order to reflect the change in the needs of the children over a period of time. It must be noted that some children with profound and complex needs will operate immediately within the additional learning provision tier.

The following guidelines provide clear and concise instructions about processes to use to start a child on a particular tier and to move from one layer to the next within the provision map model.

It should be noted that some children commence in a setting on the targeted Universal Provision tier or Additional Provision. This is modelled in the following diagram.

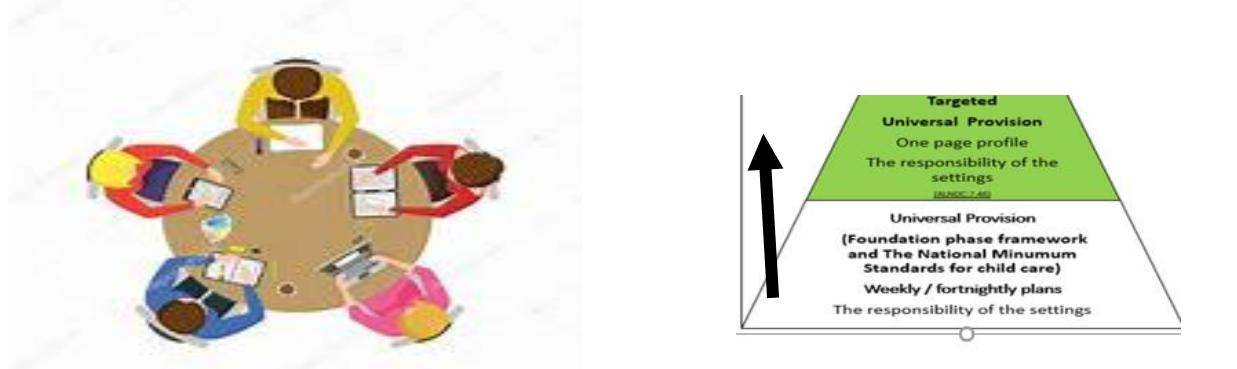


Entry Level A or Starting Point

- Conversation between parent / guardian and leader / manager before the child starts at the setting (no shared information suggesting that the child needs to start on the green Targeting layer)
- *Transfer meeting between Health Visitor, advisory teacher and Leader (information shared by officers who support parents) - term becomes 2 years (Flying Start only)*
- *Organise stay and play sessions (Flying Start only)*
- Setting to operate on Universal Provision Tier (white tier)
- Provide at least 6 weeks for the child to settle in the setting
- Advisory teachers can provide support through consultation at Universal Provision level. Specific situations of concern can be scrutinised.
- Use routine assessment and observation methods within the setting
- If no concern arises, a child will remain on the Universal Provision tier
- The setting will need to support the transition process by sharing relevant information with the new location.

Observation and Early Years tracking profile have highlighted a concern (achievement and / or progress in the child's development)

- Setting to arrange initial conversation with parent / guardian. Sharing information, setting targets and agreeing actions. Record on F1 and complete F2 and complete the Information Gathering Sheet. Share a 'What is a One-page Profile' leaflet with the parent / guardian and explain the process of how to receive an invitation to contribute to the one page profile by email . Explain that to register on the system, a 6 digit code will be required from the setting.



Important points

- Ff1: upload on the electronic system policy.
- Ff2: E-mail for the attention of the Authority Officer (Ellen Jones in the interim)
ellenjones@gwynedd.llyw.cymru. The form must be password protected: Password - **Ff2Gwynedd or Ff2Mon**
- **Use the checklist – provision map procedures (on the ALN website) Follow 'A Entry point'**

Entry Level B

After receiving information from a parent, health professional or any other professional (*FS Settings will receive a list from the central team*) that the child needs to start at the setting on the targeted tier, the setting will need to follow the following steps:

- Setting to arrange a conversation between parent / guardian and consider if there is a need to include the advisory teacher and any service relating to the child / family including previous setting.
- Sharing key information, complete the Early Years Tracking profile and agree on actions.
- Record on F1 and complete F2 and the Information Gathering Sheet.
- Share a 'What is a one page Profile' brochure with the parent / guardian and explain the process of how to receive an invitation to contribute to the digital one page profile via email. Explain that a 6 digit code will be required from the setting to register on the system.
- *Organise stay and play sessions (Flying Start only)*

Children who receive input from Early Development Officers (Gwynedd) or a package from the Anglesey Family Support Officer, will have a one page profile in place before starting in a setting. It will be necessary to follow the steps above for these children, but it will not be necessary to complete Ff2 just ensure that the officer shares an invitation to the profile on the electronic system.

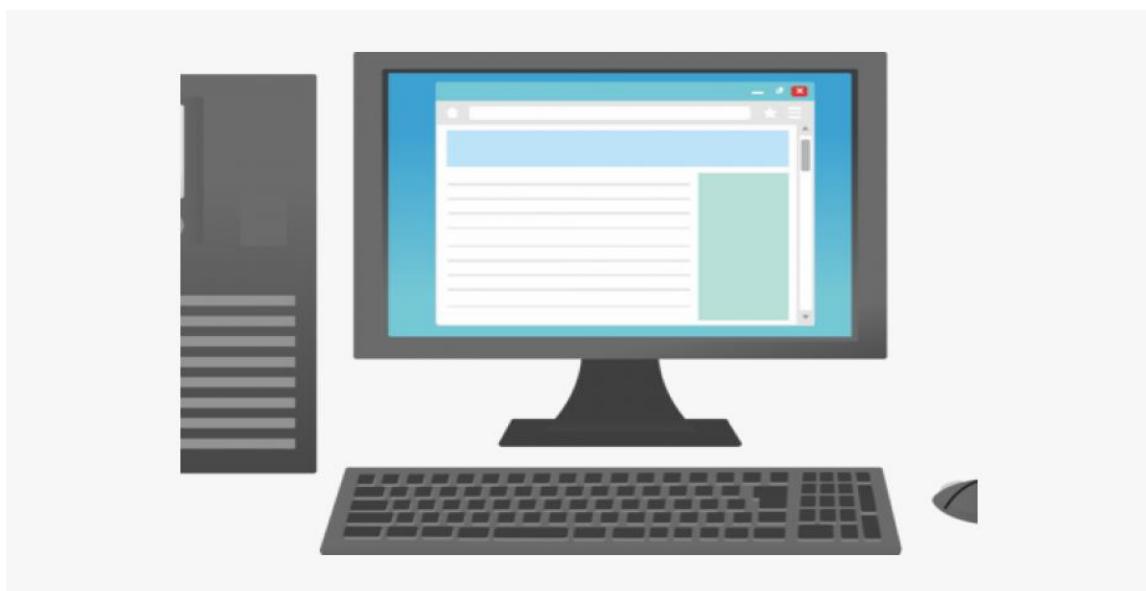


Important points

- Ff1: upload on the electronic system policy.
- Ff2: E-mail for the attention of the Authority Officer (Ellen Jones in the interim)
ellenjones@gwynedd.llyw.cymru. The form must be password protected: Password - **Ff2Gwynedd or Ff2Mon**
- **Use the checklist – provision map procedures (on the ALN website) Follow 'B Entry point'**

Administrative Actions to process the FF2 form

- [Following a conversation with the parent /guardian the setting will need to send Ff2 to the attention of the Local Authority Officer \(Ellen Jones: ellenjones@gwynedd.llyw.cymru\)](#)
- The LEA Officer will process the information on the Cynnal system and will send invitations to contribute to the one-page profile to the setting, parent / guardian and any service involved with the child as noted in Ff2
- The Setting, advisory teacher, parent / guardian and any service involved with the child will receive an invitation via e-mail.



Steps to draw up the one-page profile at Targeted Tier

- Setting to act on the targeted Universal Provision Tier or additional Provision using observation methods and / or specific assessment.
- Advisory teacher may observe the child within the setting and documents the obseration directly on the electronic system.
- Setting to use the information from the observation and / or assessment methods and the information sheet that the parent has completed to commence drawing up the profile.
- Parent or any service involved with the child to add to the profile.
- It should be ensured that the 'support' element in the profile responds to the targets set out in the early years tracking profile

Early Years tracking profile

Wales		England		Scotland	
Health	Health	Health	Health	Health	Health
Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education
Child welfare					
Local authority					



Set targets

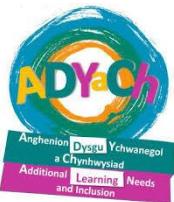
One-page profile

Profile / Profile
<p>Skills and experiences</p> <p>Skills and experiences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Skills: Skills are what the person needs to do in order to engage with life. Skills can be physical, mental, social, emotional, cognitive, practical and relating to living skills. To do this successfully, the person needs to have the right knowledge, attitudes and values. • Knowledge: Knowledge is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Knowledge is the facts, figures and concepts that people learn through education, training and experience. • Attitudes: Attitudes are what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Attitudes are the way we feel about things, situations and other people. • Values: Values are what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Values are the principles that guide our behaviour and decisions. <p>Qualifications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Qualification: Qualification is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Qualifications are formal certificates that prove that a person has achieved a certain level of knowledge and skills. - Level: Level is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Level is the standard of achievement required for a qualification. - Type: Type is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Type is the subject or area of study. - Level/Type: Level/Type is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Level/Type is the combination of level and type of qualification.
<p>Health and well-being</p> <p>Health and well-being</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health: Health is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Health is the state of being free from illness and injury. • Well-being: Well-being is what the person needs to do in order to succeed. Well-being is the state of being happy and healthy.

Important points

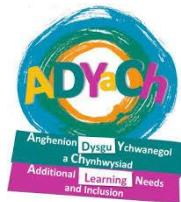
- Examples of the one-page profile are available on the ALN&I website <https://adyach.cymru/en/Parents/Home.aspx>
- **The quality of the profile should be checked using the checklist (see file on the ALN website)**

Rhestr wirio ar gyfer llunio proffil un dudalen o ansawdd	Da	Angen datblygu
Proffil un dudalen o ansawdd		
Wedi cynnwys 'Beth sy'n bwysig i ...[pethau sy'n gweud bywyd y plentyn yn hapus]		
Wedi cynnwys 'Beth sy'n bwysig i gefnogi... [cyfarwyddiadol, adnoddas a strategethau o'r map darpariaeth]		
Cydnabydded rhwng 'bwysig i' a 'bwysig ar gyfer'		
Datganiadau cadarnhaol		
Digon o fanylion fel y gall rhwun ddefnyddio'r wybodaeth yn sylw.		
Iaith bod dydd a dim jargon Gwybodaeth cywir, clir a hawdd ei ddarllen		
Targedau wedi'i nodi ar waelod bocs 'beth sy'n bwysig i gefnogi...' gyda dyddiad gosodolwyd y targed.		
Sylwadau:		



Entry Level C

(been through the ALN inquiry process)



A child who starts on the yellow tier, additional provision, **will have gone through the statutory process** and has an **Individual Development Plan (IDP)** which identifies the additional Learning Provision that needs to be in place to support the child.

The designated Co - ordinator (officer of the Authority) will arrange a meeting between parent / guardian, leader / manager, with any service engaged with the child / family including previous placement (if applicable) before the child starts at the setting to:

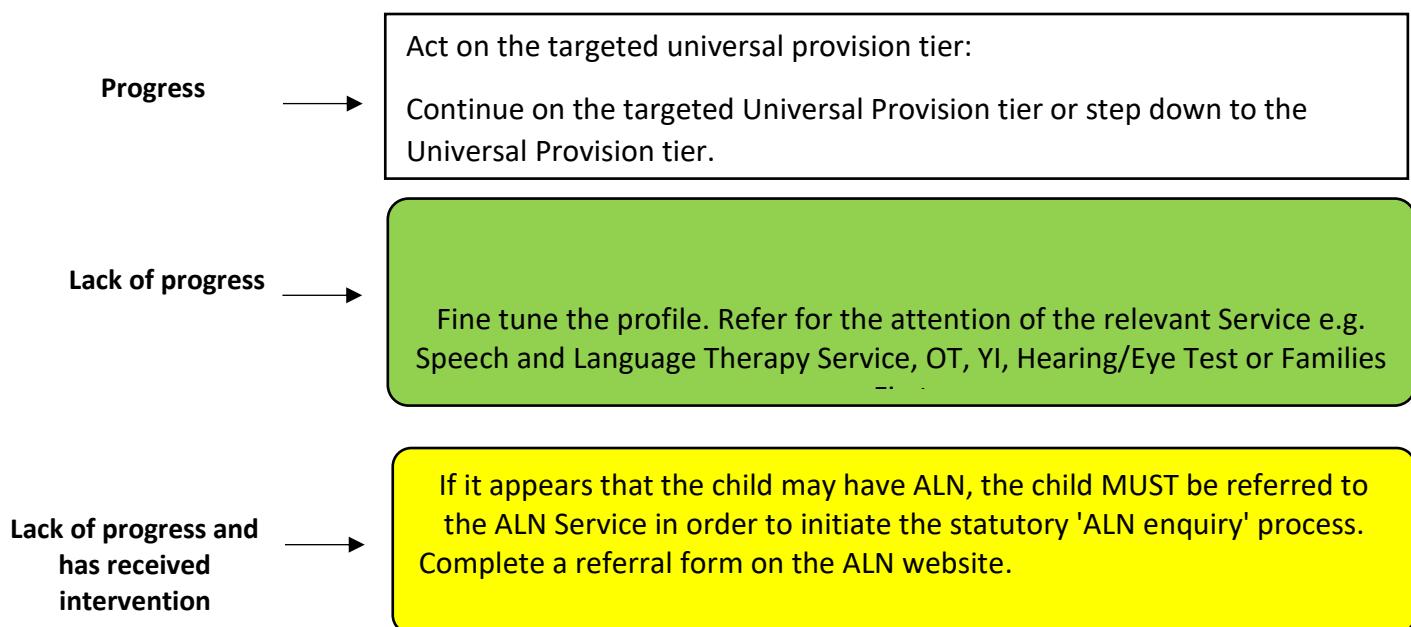
- Review and revise the Individual Development Plan (IDP) to ensure that the information is up to date and the additional learning provision is suitable - see pamphlet 'What is an IDP review meeting on the ALN website'
- Plan the transition process to ensure a smooth transition process for the child - see pamphlet 'Planning a transition process on the ALN website'
- Following the meeting it may be necessary to bring the IDP to the attention of the Early Years panel in order to consider the resources needed to support the additional learning provision.
- The setting will receive a letter to confirm the Panel's decision.
- The setting will need to return the letter within 10 working days.

Monitor and review the tiers within the Provision Map Model

See Module 2 (Monitor and review) training notes to support the following part of this document

Transition and / or Review process for the Targeted Tier – green (every 8-12 weeks)

- Setting to review the Early Years tracking profile and targets
- Consider whether it is necessary to include planning arrangements for the transition process in the review - new setting to be part of the conversation.
- Setting to organise a conversation between a parent / carer and the leader and consider if it is necessary to invite a consultant teacher with any service related to the child / family in order to discuss 'What works / doesn't work and report on the effectiveness of the provision
- Agree on the next provision pathway and the actions - see the model below.
- Record on Ff1. Fine-tune the profile and targets on the electronic system.
- If necessary to amend or adjust the information on the One-page Profile system including deleting or adding contribution invitations to the Profile, record on **Ff2 Review** and send to the Local Authority Officer (Ellen Jones in the interim).



Important Points

It is important to start the transition process at least 6 weeks before the transition by following the steps below:

- 1: Parent to confirm that they've registered the child at the new setting,
- 2: Invite School ALN Co-ordinator to attend review / transfer meeting

Use the checklist to arrange a transition and /or review talk (on the ALN website)



sut rwy'n trefnu sgwrs adolygu a phontio?

Cam	Beth sydd angen digwydd	Wedi gweithredu
1	Gwirio ar y system electronig er mwyn adnabod plant sy'n gweithredu ar y lefel targedu (proffil mewn lle) ac yn trosglwyddo Medi. Mae posib i chi holi eich aethrawes ymgynghorol neu cysylltu gyda swyddog arweiniol ADY (Ellen Jones) os nad ydych chi'n gallu adnabod y plant.	
2	Ystyried pwy sydd angen bod yn rhan o'r sgwrs. Mae rhaid cynnwys: 1) Lleoliad presennol 2) Rhiant / gwarchodwr 3) Lleoliad Newydd (ysgol) Ystyried os oes angen cynnwys rhwun arall e.e. aethrawes tim nam synhwyraidd, YI, Swyddog Datblygiad Cynnwr, swyddog Cefnogi Teulu (dim ond os oes ganddynt rywbedd ychwanegol i gyfrannu i'r hyn sydd wedi'i nodi yn y proffil)	
3	Ystyried os ydych chi'n cynnal cyfarfod rhithiol neu wyneb yn wyneb Rhannu gwahoddiaid (cynnwys linc teams os ydych chi'n cynnal cyfarfod rhithiol) gan gynnwys pawb mewn un e-bost (gweler engraffit isod)	
4	Rhannu gwahoddiaid i'r proffil ar y system electronig gyda'r ysgol (gweler llun isod sy'n dangos sut i weud hynn y - cysylltu gyda'ch aethrawes ymgysyltiol neu Ellen Jones Swyddog Arweiniol os oes angen cefnogaeth pellach)	
5	Sicrhau bod proffil tracio blynnyddoedd cynnar wedi'i ddiweddu a'i uwchlwytho ar y system electronig ac eich bod yn ymwybodol o beth sy'n gweithio / dolim yn gweithio o ran datblygiad a darpariaeth	
6	Trefn y Sgwrs: 1) cyflwyniadau 2) cyfile i bawb rannu beth sy'n gweithio 3) cyfile i bawb rannu beth sydd ddin yn gweithio 4) Ystyried camau gweithredu e.e. addasau'r proffil, cyfeirio at wasanaeth, camu lawr o'r lefel targedu 5) Rhannu unrhyw wybodaeth berthnasol arall Cofnodi'r sgwrs ar Ff1 neu tab cyfarfodydd ar y system electroneg (gweler llun isod)	

The Process of Referring an Early Years child (0-5) not attending a maintained school to the attention of the Local Authority

ALN Enquiry Step 1:

Local Education Authority receives a referral that the child may have Additional Learning Needs. Authority contacts the parent to inform them and to share details of the Coordinator designated to facilitate follow up steps. **Parent to complete the information form and return it promptly.**

ALN Enquiry Step 2: Stage 2:

Designated Coordinator arranges an initial meeting with the child and parent to introduce the ALN system and gather information and evidence about their child's needs. A Local Education Authority may submit a statutory request for information and advice from relevant persons. They must comply within 6 weeks. It will be possible to submit the information on the digital IDP system by e-mail invitation.

ALN Enquiry Step 3:

Coordinator to present information and evidence to ALN Moderation panel members. Members consider the information and evidence and make a decision as to whether or not the child has ALN.

NO ALN

Decide which services are likely to provide additional learning provision
ALN

Decision - No ALN

Inform a parent of the decision and the reasons for that decision. The notice will set out any steps the Authority will take to ensure that non-ALN needs are met. A parent may discuss the decision further with the Authority (details included on decision notice)

Draw up an IDP Step 1:

Inform the parent of the decision that the child has ALN and provide an information pamphlet about what an Individual Development Plan is and person-centred approaches. Designated Coordinator to prepare and arrange meeting to draw up Individual Development Plan. **Inform the parent and all those involved with the child of the date of the meeting to draw up an IDP and the process of sharing information in advance.** Help and support will be available to support parents and the child to participate as fully as possible in the process

Prepare an IDP Step 2:

Designated Coordinator leading the meeting to draw up an IDP to inform and produce agreed child-focused outcomes and targets.

Prepare an IDP Step 3:

Inform the parent that there is an opportunity to share comments on a draft copy of the IDP. A specific time is provided to respond and to share any comments. A parent can discuss any matter with the designated Coordinator.

Prepare an IDP Step 4:

Present the IDP to the attention of the Moderation Panel to moderate the IDP

Give an IDP Step 5:

Inform the parent that the Local Education Authority provides a copy of the IDP. A parent will be informed of the proposed review date. A parent can discuss any matter further with the designated Coordinator (details included on decision notice).



How can the ALN inquiry process be initiated after the child has started at a setting

Who can refer to start the ALN inquiry process?

- Any person can refer a child to the attention of the Authority to start the ALN inquiry process

What are the expectations if a setting refers a child to start the ALN inquiry process?

- It is generally expected that the setting has followed the processes of graduated response within the provision map before submitting a referral to start the ALN inquiry process.
- Ensure clear communication with the HV and / or advisory teacher before initiating the ALN inquiry process
- The following evidence would be expected
 - 1) A quality profile in place over a period of time
 - 2) Early Years tracking profile monitored at least 2 times and uploaded onto the electronic system
 - 3) Record of what works and doesn't work in the 'school' tab
 - 4) Evidence highlighting a lack of progress

What is the setting expected to do during the enquiry?

- 1) Attend and contribute in the meeting to draw an IDP
- 2) Respond to a decision letter from the Authority within 10 working days

Review process for the ALN Tier - Yellow

Continuous Monitoring

- It is essential that the targets within the iDP are constantly monitored (every 2-3 weeks) by inputting relevant notes in the notes box underneath the target on the electronic system
- It's essential that the Early Years tracking profile is updated on a regular basis (every 6-8 weeks).
- A member of the Early Years Team (ALN) will be able to support settings
- This information will be of key importance when reviewing the IDP

When will the IDP be reviewed?

- The proposed review date is stated in the IDP and a request for an earlier review can also be submitted if necessary by pressing a button on the electronic IDP system (see review process pamphlet).
- The designated Co-ordinator will arrange a review meeting with the parent / guardian, a practitioner from the setting with any service relating to the child.
- It will be necessary to consider whether transition planning arrangements need to be included in the review
- See pamphlet 'What is a IDP review meeting? On the ALN website'
- See the pamphlet 'Transition planning arrangements' on the ALN website

Training from the Early Years Team (ALN)

AIn Training / Provision Map		
Module?	Module content	When?
Module 1	Introduce processes and procedures with the Provision Map	September
Module 2	Monitor and review processes	October
Yearly Module 1	Updates relating to ALN and Provision Map	November
Yearly Module 2	Resources and strategies within the Provision Map	Spring. Additional sessions can be arranged as required
Mop up Module	Re-introduction of processes and procedures with the provision map	As required

All Leaders / managers will be expected to attend the annual modules.

- **All new leaders** are asked to attend Modules 1 and 2 in addition to the annual modules
- **All key workers** are asked to attend annual module 2 as well as complete the following two online trainings:
 - Watch 'can you join me' on Youtube - 2 hour video
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ebs1CChnJI4>
 - Complete ICAN e-learning training [CPD short course \(ican.org.uk\)](http://cpdshortcourse.ican.org.uk)

Learning methods, strategies and interventions that have been identified as good practice

See the ANNUAL Module 2 training notes (Resources and strategies within the Provision Map) to support this part

Universal provision (the setting's responsibility)	
Procedures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff comply with relevant policies • Staff attend General Provision level training • Consider the setting's Provision Map - staff ratio and their location in the room (the Authority's template can be used) • Close links with the parent (e.g. Class Dojo, Good News book, Seesaw app)*
Differentiating	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plan for the children's needs, interests and schemes (play pattern)* • Plan and conduct physical play sessions indoors and outdoors (e.g. Physical Literacy, Traed Bach Sionc)* • Resources and environment that are suited to the child's development stage • Plan and deliver activities to develop fine motor skills (e.g. Bysedd Bywiog) • Plan small group activities • Plan timely/appropriate activities for developing communication skills naturally in the areas • Plan opportunities to revisit skills practice*
Effective communication and interaction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication-friendly settings - use the audit • All staff trained at the level of universal provision – may I join You? And ICAN (e-Module) • Staff possess an understanding of language development* • Adults use non-verbal expression, (Makaton) signs, symbols, pictures to support understanding* • Adults use Child/Adult Interaction strategies effectively to develop early communication skills* (follow the child's play, imitate sounds and play, commentate on play and not ask questions, parallel play) • Use language that is suited to the child's development, emphasising key words* • Check understanding and reinforce by repeating, re-saying, explaining and modelling* • Activities/practical games to develop listening and concentration skills • Activities/practical games to develop memory

Principles of nurture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff possessing an understanding of emotional development with knowledge of attachment theory • Provide mechanical or rhythmic activities to calm a child who has become over-excited e.g. matching, colouring-in, sensory activities • Use PACE methods, i.e. Playfulness, Accepting, Curious, Empathetic, to support a child • Model, prompt and reinforce positive behaviour and interaction skills • Social stories • Staff regularly implement routine periods (children feel safe)* • Staff alert that something is changing (change can be frightening), e.g. in two minutes, play-time will finish, then tidying-up time - use a sand timer • Commentate aloud (e.g. I see that ... takes turns playing games. I notice that ... uses kind words. I think that ... feels cross because he is squeezing his hands) • Set out clear boundaries, but not too rigid. A need to be flexible and to empathise, e.g. 'I think sharing is difficult for you today, so why not go outside and play' • Plan and provide opportunities to develop an understanding of emotions, social and relationship skills with other children through group activities • Coaching systems (individual and/or group systems) • Self-register feelings (a visual/sensory register that encourages a child to develop independence and the ability to name and label emotions) (every session) • Greet each child personally (every session) to help develop a relationship • Settling down period immediately at the beginning of a session (every session) • Helper of the day (develop the child's self-confidence and self-image) • Mindfulness sessions (e.g. yoga, Cyw Shwsh a Swyn programme, and deep breathing sessions) • A calm-down zone (which contains multi-sensory resources to support the process of self-managing emotions)** • Support big emotions by providing 'Time in' to calm down (rather than time out), i.e. provide time away from activities and spend time with an adult in a quiet place with appropriate resources • Staff understand that behaviour is a way of communicating - observe and try to understand the issues and plan changes to the routine** • Allow the child to bring a toy and/or image of Mum/Dad with them to the placement (support the child to understand that their carer, e.g. Mum, is thinking about them)
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff have images of social skills on a keyring (see ALN&I website)* • A visual timetable using simple language, 'now ..., then ...'. consider the children's development stage: symbolic representation from easiest to hardest to understand: real objects, small objects, pictures, symbols (symbol cards on the ALN&I website)* • Visual cards to support specific periods (snack period, sitting on the carpet, toilet and handwashing - visual cards on the ALN&I website)*
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resources to support accessibility - facilitate access (e.g. little bicycle for two, safety scissors, multi-sensory books) • Organised room (a clear space in which to move)* • Environment arranged with defined areas that have been labelled with images, symbols and words* • A suitable space for medical interventions and personal hygiene arrangements • Reasonable modifications to the setting (e.g. handrail) • Reduce background noise*

Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Physical examination within 72 hours after the birth - Hearing test within 14 days - Blood test within 8 days - HV Visits (Healthy Children Programme): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 14 days HV Contact 6 Weeks HV Contact 8, 12 and 16 week visits at the HV clinic - measuring and weighing 15 months HV home visit Development and Growth Assessment 27 months HV home visit Development and Growth Assessment 41 months HV home visit 4 years old transfer to School Nurse
Parenting	Cylch Ti a Fi
Care	Access to Flying Start setting (12.5 hours per week) for 2-year-old children
Parenting	General courses, e.g. Baby and Toddler Incredible Years, Home Safety, Come and cook and Nurture Programme
Health (Flying Start)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Additional HV Visits Group work, e.g. Baby Massage, Raising Awareness of Health Wellcomm 15 months and 21 months Assessments
Access to the Flying Start Early Development Team (referral form)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Group work - small steps Sun days, Story sessions, Book distribution Therapist Support in the care settings Launch into Language (individual)

Support for the settings	
LA	Cwlwm organisations and the third sector
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual training programme: ALN modules Support from Early Years Team (non-maintained settings that are education or Flying Start providers) ALN&I website Information for families website Care Development Officer 	Support from Cwlwm organisations' officers

Targeted Universal Provision (responsibility of the setting)	
Procedures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff comply with relevant policies • Staff attend General Provision and Targeting level training • Close links with the parent (e.g. Class Dojo, Good News book, Seesaw app) daily* • Medical Plan and/or PEP (personal evacuation plan) • Risk assessment • Eating/toileting programme (drawn up by the setting)
Differentiating	<p><u>As with Universal provision, taking into account the frequency and ratio of staff</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement any plan by a health service, e.g. physiotherapy or Occupational Therapist
Effective communication and interaction	<p><u>As with Universal provision, taking into account the frequency and ratio of staff</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key worker trained at the level of targeted general provision within the 'Siarad â thi' - Makaton and Elklan • Interact with an adult regularly: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Face to face - Watch and wait - Follow the child - Imitate - Commentate - Interpretation - Add more words - Reduce pressure (less questioning) - Take turns • Plan targeting activities, e.g. out of 'Big Book of ideas', Elklan Language Builders booklet (Green book) deriving from specific assessments, e.g. WellComm (red/yellow), Ican or BC Checklist (Score <4) • Personalise interventions and strategies that are at a General level • Object of reference - use real objects to reinforce understanding on a regular basis • Use a Language Therapist's programme • Use Makaton signs to encourage understanding on a daily basis and as an integral part of the session
Principles of nurture	<p><u>As with Universal provision, taking into account the frequency and ratio of staff</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plan targeting activities deriving from specific assessments, e.g. observation checklist, ABC checklist • Personalise interventions and strategies that are at a General level • 'Relationship based play' intervention • Personal resources for the child in the calm-down zone
Resources	<p><u>As with Universal provision, taking into account the developmental stage of individuals: symbolic representation from easiest to hardest to understand: real objects, small objects, pictures, symbols</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Now and then card, and considering the concept of finishing. Use a visual and aural cue to represent 'finish' - e.g. use fingers to count down 5,4,3,2,1 finish (use a sign to convey finish). A sand timer can be introduced to support now and then and a visual timetable • Choice card (objects, pictures or symbol)
Environment	<p><u>As with Universal provision, taking into account individuals' risk assessments</u></p>

Support for the settings	
LA/Health	Cwlwm organisations and the third sector
Specific training Support from a language and play officer Support from the health team Support from the Flying Start team (Flying Start settings and the outreach areas only) Early Years Team (non-maintained settings that are education providers or Flying Start settings only) ALN Lead Officer (Care settings) Support from the sensory and / or medical and / or physical team	Support from Cwlwm organisations' officers Access to IMPACT Service

Additional Learning Provision

The Local Authority will have prepared an IDP, which identifies the Additional Learning Provision required by the learning difficulty or disability. The ALN Code, 2021, Chapter 11.28 notes:

'... a local authority ... must secure the ALP ... This does not apply to any ALP which is a relevant treatment or service

identified by an NHS body, in which case the NHS body must secure the

ALP. If the IDP specifies that a particular kind of ALP should be provided in

Welsh, the local authority must take all reasonable steps to secure that it is provided in Welsh.'

<u>Additional Learning Provision</u>	
	<p>Following a decision that a child has ALN (see flow chart for referral to the Authority - ALN&I Service), parts 2b and 2c within the IDP will clearly specify the Additional Learning Provision that needs to be in place</p>
Procedures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staff comply with relevant policies • Staff attend Additional Learning Provision level training • Work closely with the designated coordinator and any other service relating to the child (identified on the IDP) • Risk assessments and/or manual handling assessment (**WHOSE RESPONSIBILITY***) • Individual Health and Care Plan (who is responsible in non-maintained settings) • Eating and/or toileting programme drawn up by a health worker
Differentiating	<p><u>As with Universal provision/Targeting taking into account the frequency and ratio of staff</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliver the additional learning provision identified in the IDP
Effective communication and interaction	<p><u>As with Universal provision/Targeting taking into account the frequency and ratio of staff</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key worker trained at the level of additional provision within the 'Siarad â thi' strategy • Use Makaton or PECS to communicate • Use a Language Therapist's programme
Principles of nurture	<p><u>As with Universal provision/Targeting taking into account the frequency and ratio of staff</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specialist resources (advice from the Health Service)
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specialist modifications
Sensory (Hearing)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input from the Hearing Service • Visual resources • Ensure access to lip-read the speaker • Time to process language • Check understanding when introducing new vocabulary/concepts • A range of interventions to develop listening skills - Auditory Awareness, Discrimination and Patterning, Auditory Identification, Auditory Therapy, Auditory Comprehension: Auditory training programmes - according to listening skill level • A range of Auditory Memory interventions – e.e. working memory • Sign Language Interventions - according to individual's need / level • Developing social skills interventions • Interventions to develop language skills - colourful semantics, secrets of words etc. • Interventions to develop a pupil's soft skills - e.g. a pupil's awareness of the listening needs

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of a Testing Kit for a child who wears specialist equipment e.g. hearing aids. Daily time to clean and take care of the equipment •
Sensory (visual)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input from the Visual Impairment service • A range of interventions to develop operational sight - Positive looking, gweithgareddau visual discrimination • Braille Interventions - Pre-Braille, according to individual's needs • Interventions to develop communication skills - e.g. TaSSeLs (Tactile Signing for Sensory Learners) for individuals who are blind or with profound needs • Easy Easier – the child's opinion / voice • Interventions to develop independence / living skills - according to individual's needs • Interventions to develop mobility skills, according to individual's needs • Developing social skills interventions, according to individual's needs

Support for the settings	
LA/Health	Cwlwm organisations and the third sector
Additional provision level training Advice and support from the Psychology Service Advice and support from the Early Years (ALN) team Support from a designated coordinator Support from the sensory and / or medical and / or physical team Advice from the Early Years Moderation Panel Input from the Flying Start Service (Flying Start settings only) Health Services advise, support and/or provide treatment Early Years Team Service Advice and support from the Early Years ALN Lead Officer	Impact Service

ALNET Principles for Childcare / Education non-maintained settings.

- We will work towards providing high levels of Universal Provision to meet the needs of all our children
- Where appropriate, we will make reasonable adjustments (Equality Act 2010, CIW Minimum Standards) to adapt our routines, resources, environments, and adult interactions to provide Universal Targeted provision to meet the needs of all our children.
- We will provide an inclusive provision where our children are at the heart of everything we do.
- We will always follow a child centred approach, starting with the child and what they can do, and building on their strengths.
- Where appropriate, we will use One Page Profiles to gather information about what we like and admire about the child and what is important both to them, and for them.
- We will always work in partnership with parents / carers as the child's primary care giver in all decision making.
- Permissions must be sought from parent/carers in relation to the sharing of specific information relating to their child in line with GDPR requirements.
- We will record, monitor and review our Universal Provision that includes Targeted Provision in line with the Early Years provision map.
- Where we remain concerned about a child's ability to learn and make progress, we will contact our Advisory teacher / Childcare officer for advice / support
- We will act on the advice, guidance and training provided by external agencies, working in collaboration to enable individual children to achieve their potential.
- The local authority has a duty to respond to any concerns raised about a child's possible Additional Learning Needs
- When a parent expresses concern or suspicion that their child has Additional Learning Needs, we will arrange a meeting to agree action points. This may, in accordance with the legal duty under the ALNET Act, 2018, include informing the Local Authority that the child may have ALN.
- If a child in our care has an identified Additional Learning Need, we will take part in reviews and outcome meetings and will contribute towards their Individual Development Plan.
- We will deliver Additional Learning Provision to the best of our ability, as per the child's Individual Development Plan.
- We will pass on all relevant information at transition reviews and will adapt the transition process to best fit the needs of our children.
- We will ensure our staff's professional development is up to date with the current ALNET requirements and will attend relevant training courses.

Appendices on the ALN website

- 1) Step by step for provision map procedures
- 2) One page profile quality check table
- 3) Checklist to organise a conversation to plan the transition process and/or review at a targeted level